

## Jordan Time

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Ghali leads straw vote at U.N.

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Egypt's Deputy Prime Minister Boutros Ghali Monday led an informal Security Council poll for U.N. secretary-general followed by Zimbabwe's Pinance Minister Bernard Chidzero, diplomats said. Dr. Ghali received 11 votes while Mr. Chidzero got 10.

They were followed by former Nigerian President Olusegun Obasanjo with nine votes. The last so-called straw vote was held on Oct. 25. The United Nations is seeking a successor for Javier Perez de Cuellar, who wants to leave office when his second term expires at the end of 1991. In

the October vote, Dr. Ghali and Dr. Chiczero tied for first place, with nine votes apiece. But Monday's straw vote for the first time allowed

nine votes apiece. But Monday's straw vote for the first time allowed council members to cast negative votes and abstain, as well as positive votes. Dr. Ghali got only one negative vote and three abstentions, while Mr. Chidzero received two negative votes and three abstentions. The ballot on this round did not indicate whether a negative vote was cast by any of the five permanent council members — which would amount to a veto — since all ballot papers were the same colour. At a later stage, possibly on Tuesday, the five permanent member will use ballot papers of a different colour, making clear if a negative vote is also a veto.

#### Norway lets 10 stay after Mossad **questioning**

OSLO (R) - Norway agreed Monday to give residency permits to 10 Palestinians whose questioning by Israeli secret service agents during hearings for political asylum sparked a row. "They're not getting political asy-lum but they're getting residence permits on humanitarian reasons. We reckoned they could get problems if they returned to North Africa," said Arild Kjerschow, head of the directorate for foreigners. "We have also laid a certain weight on the fact that they were questioned by Mos-sad," he told NRK national radio. Norway's Chief of Intelligence Svein Urdal resigned last anouth after admitting Norway let Mossad agents help to question the 10 Palestinians. Norwegian police were unable to follow the conversations, which were in

#### Kuwalt-U.S. joint exercise begins

ABOARD THE USS SAIPAN (AP) — The USS Saipan launched Monday the first group of U.S. marines and their equipsacat to Kuwaiti shores to prepare for a joint amphibious attack exercise with the Kuwaiti military. "We launched the first group this morning, but the main group is going tomorrow," said Eric Peterson, commander of amphibious Squadron 2. Some 2,300 U.S. marines, airmen and sailors aboard tirree U.S. navy ships willion Kuwaiti military forces in the 11-day exercise dubbed "Eager Mace." The training, scheduled to end Nov. 21, is being conducted under a recently signed defence cooperation agreement between the two governments.

#### **S**omb kills 17 in Kinshasa

KINSHASA (AP) — A bomb exploded overnight at a bar frequented by pro-democracy supporters and killed at least 17 people, witnesses said. The witnesses blamed soldiers of President Mobutu Sese Seko for the explosion, the worst single incident since unpaid soldiers rioted Sept. 23-24, triggering looting and unrest that has claimed more than 200 lives. The capital has remained in crisis, with most people either on strike or jobless. The government made no comment Monday on the bombing, which fuelled fears and insecurity in this West African nation where the dictatorial ruler of 26 years is locked in a battle for power with opposition parties.

#### Former Afghan king leaves hospital

ROME (R) — Deposed Afghan King Zahir Shah has left hospital fier treatment for wounds from a knife attack in Rome last week. a doctor said Monday. "The condition of the former sovereign was good so we were able to send him home and there won't even be the need for further checks, Broole Brunetti, head of the first id centre at Rome's San Pietro hospital, told reporters. He said Zahir Shah, 77, who was injured in the neck, upper lip and left and, left the hospital Saturday. A bearded man posing as a jouraxiist attacked him with a ceremonial dagger at his villa on the outskirts of Rome last Mon-

#### Aigeria's main islamic party registers for poil

ALGIERS (R) - Algeria's main opposition party, the Isla-mic Salvation Front (FIS), has registered for the country's first multi-party election without dropping a threat to boycott the vote, a FIS spokesman said Monday. The FIS has threatened to boycott the Dec. 26 vote unless its two imprisoned leaders were itted. They were jailed after fun-dementalist street riots last June orced the postponement of Algeria's first democratic nationat polls. "We have registered candidates," the spokesman said. With the deadline for registering candidacies running out on Mon-day night, about 40 of Algeria's 56 legal parties had entered candidates, electoral authorities

### Masri's efforts to reshuffle cabinet turn more complex

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Efforts to form a broad-based government bogged down Monday, after a major parliamentary bloc declined an offer by Prime Minister Taher Masri to rejoin his government in a proposed reshuffle before the regular session of Parliament reconvenes in December.

The refusal to rejoin a reshuffled or re-formed cabinet by the Jordan Arab National Democratic Alliance (JANDA), the umbrella organisation that groups most of the leftist-national groups, left the prime minister with the option of resigning or reshuffling the cabinet in part-nership with the 18-member Constitution Bloc, which had asked Mr. Masri to set his sights on the broad-based coalition as a first option.

The Constitution Bloc, whose representatives met Mr. Masri yesterday, reported that the premier had told them he was unable to bring about a consensus among the different parliamentary blocs for a broad-based government, a source from the bloc said.

The bloc, the second largest in the House, has been vying for cabinet seats with Mr. Masri's government and the support of his National Parliamentary Bloc for their House speaker candidate, Thougan Hindawi. In an earlier meeting with Mr.

Fateh,

discuss

offices

time since 1983.

month.

reopening

DAMASCUS (AP) - A delega-

tion of the Palestine Liberation

Organisation's (PLO) main-

stream Fatch faction met with

Syrian officials Monday in the

atest step towards restoring rela-

Palestinian officials said they

tions fractured eight years ago.

hoped talks with Syrian Vice-

President Abdul Halim Khaddam

would result in reopening Fatch's

office in Damascus for the first

Such a move, said Zaid Webbe, Fateh's main representa-

tive in Lebanon, would aid in

"The main thing is how to coordinate," Mr. Webbe said. "It

must start between Syria and the

PLO, then broaden to all the

Reopening the Fatch office also could lead to better relations

between the Palestinians and

neighbouring Lebanon, he said.

the Syrian-backed government in Lebanon since the Lebanese

army last summer disarmed PLO

fighters as part of a programme to

Fatch, largest of the PLO fac-tions, was forced to close its

Damascus office in 1983 when the

Syrians sided with dissident

Palestinians in a power struggle

following Israel's 1982 invasion of

Lebanon, PLO Chairman Yasser

Arafat was banished from Syria.

Several attempts at reconcilia-

tion in the late 1980s failed. They

began taking shape in April, when dissident Palestinians in the Syrian-backed National Salvation

Front called for a dialogue with

Mr. Arafat returned on an offi-

cial visit to Syria on Oct. 19 for

the first time in eight years. He came again last week for talks with President Hafez Al Assad on

Mahmond Khalidi, the PLO

representative in Syria, said Mr.

Assad and Mr. Arafat agreed that.

any peace settlement must be

based on U.N. resolutions de-

manding Israel's withdrawal from

the occupied territories.

Mr. Arafat.

the peace process.

pacify South Lebanon.

The PLO has been at odds with

Syria

last week, a reconciliation between the two parties was in the works but the bloc made its participation conditional on a wider participation of parliamentary blocs in the government.

A statement issued by the Contitution Bloc said Monday the group had asked Mr. Masri to reshuffle his government with an eye on having a final makeup of 'all parliamentary and national forces and organisations with a wide and stable parliamentary

The statement said that Mr. Masri had told the Constitution Bloc's representatives that his consultations with the different parliamentary groups continued and that there was no final decision yet on a proposed reshuffle or re-formation of the govern-

Mr. Masri's answer to the bloc Monday indicated, at least to some of the bloc's members, that his contacts with the Democratic Bloc and the Muslim Brotherhood Bloe had failed to convince them to participate or extend support in his government.

Some parliamentary sources speculated that Mr. Masri was also having problems with his own National Bloc over extending the base of his government to include more deputies from the same group, but several sources within the bloc confirmed that the

"National Bloc will lend support to the premier under any and all

The National Bloc sources denied that there was any conflict among its ranks and reiterated their stance in support of the government

But problems within the ranks of the nine-member Democratic Bloc, which has been grappling with a political split inside its mother organisation JANDA as well as among its member de-puties over the peace process, have been conveyed to the premier in a Sunday evening meet-

The premier, according to parliamentary and JANDA sources, was informed Sunday evening that JANDA representatives can no longer remain in his cabinet. This decision was confirmed Monday in a JANDA meeting in which majority decision was adopted to pull out from Mr. Masri's government. JANDA has three ministers in Mr. Masri's government who are not members of the Lower House and could continue in their personal capacity if they wanted to. According to the sources, no final decision has yet been taken on whether this would also mean that the bloc would withdraw its confidence from the government.

Although Mr. Masri's government does not necessarily have to

## Israeli allies bomb villages, blast houses

TYRE, Lebanon (Agencies) - "security zone" into Hadatha The Israeli-sponsored South Lebanon Army (SLA) blasted FIL, at with tank fire a village within the house. United Nation's zone of operations Monday. U.N. officials said ing targeted population centres,

were wounded. SLA foot patrols also punched north of Israel's self-proclaimed "security zone" and blew up two houses in the villages of Qantara and Hadatha, said Timur Goksel, spokesman for the U.N. Interim

Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL). Security sources said another house in Yohmor in east Lebanon's Bekaa Valley was demolished by SLA militiamen at 1 a.m. (2300 GMT Sunday).

Qantara and Hadatha, on the edge of the "security zone," are within UNIFIL's zone of opera-

forming an Arab consensus for Security sources said the the second stage of U.S.-sponsored Middle East peace houses apparently served as hide-outs for guerrillas who have escalated attacks against the Israelis and the SLA since the Middle The talks, which opened in East peace process got under way Madrid Oct. 30, are in recess but last week in Spain. are expected to resume later this

Mr. Goksel said SLA gunners

policed by the Irish unit of UNI-FIL, after the demolition of the

An Irish officer said the shellounding six civilians, including a woman.

Speaking on condition of anonymity, the officer said three of the casualties were in critical condition, adding that none of the 14 Irish peacekeepers man-ning bases in Hadatha was hurt. It was not immediately known

what provoked the shelling, the first targeting civilians since Nov. 3, when the United States reportedly intervened to halt five days of massive bombardment of areas in the south and southeast of the country.

But security sources said SLA experts dismantled three roadside bombs in Aramta near the militia-controlled town of Jezzine during the night.

The earlier bout of bombard-

ment in the south was prompted by a guerrilla attack that killed three Israeli soldiers on the eve of Mr. Goksel said SLA gunners the Arab-Israeli peace talks fired five shells from tanks in the which opened in Madrid Oct. 30.

### Cairo meeting reviews changed Gulf security plans

CAIRO (Agencies) — Eight crystalise into implemented pro-Arab ministers reviewed tocols." amended security arrangements for the Gulf region Monday, including the controversial issue of whether Iran should participate.

The eight — foreign ministers of Egypt, Syria, Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Kawait and Bahrain and ministers of state from Oman and the United Arab Emirates — also discussed the Arab-Israel peace

A post-meeting statement did not refer directly to security arrangements, nor to a role for Egypt and Syria in the Gulf. A document released by Cairo in August foresaw little role for the two Arab powers in protecting the Gulf oil states.

President Honsi Mubarak met with the ministers Monday before they began their day-long meeting, which was mostly in private. After the meeting with the president, Syrian Foreign Minister

Farong Al Sharaa told reporters they discussed implementing the amended security arrangements.

"The Damascus declaration, in

its final form and after it was amended at the request of some Arab states, has been approved by all eight Arab countries," he We expect in the near future that the ideas related to aims of the Damascus declaration

The eight countries signed the declaration in the Syrian capital on March 6, a week after the Gulf war ended. It aimed to establish a security apparatus for the oil states of the Gulf in light of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait last year that was reversed by the war.

Egypt and Syria were expected to provide the bulk of the 100,000-man force in exchange for financial aid

The security arrangement went unimplemented as Kuwait and other Gulf states made known their preference for U.S. and other Western troops to protect them. Kuwait has since signed a military cooperation agreement with the United States.

Mr. Sharaa did not specify what the amended agreement looked like and said it was unlikely to be announced at the ministe-

rial meeting.

The ministers' final statement mentioned only "hope for Arab unity based on the Arab League Charter and the Damascus declaration." ration." . The statement said the eight

had agreed to meet again in Qatar in the second half of April. It made no reference to any security plan but Egyptian Fore-

(Continued on page 5)



nian Armed Forces, Sunday attends a celebration held by the Royal Guards on the occasion of his birthday which falls on Thursday. The Royal ership and the development achieved in the Kingdom under his reign. King Hussein was presented with an Arab sword as a gift from the

### Palestinians working on self-rule plans ahead of next round of talks

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Palestinian leaders, declaring that "the battle for peace has begun" said Monday they were working on plans for self-rule ahead of talks with Israel.

They also revealed that Arab states negotiating with Israel as part of the U.S.-sponsored Middle East peace conference would allow progress towards Palestinian autonomy even before their own differences with the Jewish state were settled. Faisal Al Husseini and Hanan

Ashrawi told a news conference Palestinian teams inside the Israeli-occupied territories and abroad were drawing up plans for the transfer of authority but they declined to give any details.

Mr. Husseini led the Palestinian delegation to the Madrid peace conference last week and Dr. Ashrawi was its spokes-

Israel plans

one-third of

new housing

in occupied

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel's housing ministry

plans to build more than one

third of its new housing in the

occupied territories next

year, leftist members of the Israeli parliament said Mon-

territories

thousands of Palestinians waving olive branches on their return Dr. Ashrawi called for an end

to Jewish settlement of Arab land

and arged Israelis to respond to

the Palestinian olive branches with peace overtures of their "(Madrid) is the beginning of a long and arduous journey ... the

battle for peace has begun," she She said she would not disclose

negotiating positions but she said Palestinians would not be content with running their own garbage collection and hospitals while Israel controlled the land and

The final objective of peace 24-year-old occupation of the West Bank, the Gaza Strip and East Jerusalem and the creation of an independent Palestinian

They were greeted by state, she said. "We are not working on a

detailed blueprint for autonomy. We are working on projects, several issues that have to deal with interim transitional arrangements, the transfer of authority from the Israeli occupation to the Palestinian people as a transitional phase before permanent stams negotiations," Dr. Ashrawi said.

After eight months of diplomacy the United States has coaxed and prodded Palestinians and Israelis to the negotiating table to discuss autonomy plans laid down in the 1978 Camp David peace accords between Israel and

Egypt.
These call for a five-year transition to Palestinian autonomy with talks on the final status of the Haider Abdul Shafi, had forecas talks remained the end of Israel's Palestinians to begin within three

"What we are working on in

### Talk of peace seen curbing uprising violence

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Many Palestinian activista in the occupied territories are car-rying olive branches instead of fire-bombs and attacks on Israelis there have fallen dramatically since the Jewish state and the Arabs began talking.

But Israeli security officials were careful not to suggest the hill might mark an end to the four-year-old Palestinian uprising which has been marked by stone throwing, fire-bombs and gun attacks against troops and civi-

"The same people who were throwing fire-bombs and rocks 48 hours ago are now waving olive branches. They could go back in 48 hours to stone-throwing and fire-bombs," an army spokesman

told Reuters on Monday. Clashes have fallen by 70 per cent in the Gaza Strip.

In the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, clashes between Arabs and Israeli soldiers have on average dropped by a third since the Madrid peace conference brought top Israelis and Palestinians face-to-face for the first

"The peace process began on Wednesday in Madrid and they (Palestinians) stopped throwing Molotov cocktails and stones," said Tami Paul Cohen, a police spokeswoman.

Instead she said Palestinians were waving olive branches, the universal symbol of peace.

The occupied territories are home to over two million Palestinians struggling for independence from 24 years of Israeli rule.

The chief Palestinian negotiator at the Madrid conference, his people would curb their protests in response to reduced Israeli occupation and oppres-

that it is not their intention to

The Kurdish commander on

### Kurds say Baghdad ready to lift blockade if Peshmerga withdraw

SHAQLAWA, Iraq (R) — Baghdad has offered to lift the economic blockade of Kurdistan in exchange for a withdrawai of all armed Kurds from cities in northern Iraq, Kurdish leaders returning from negotiations in Bashdad said Monday.

Sami Abdal Rahman, the head

of the negotiating team, said he thought Kurdish leaders could live with the deal despite possible opposition from some of the rank

day.
Out of a total of 15,000 Baghdad imposed the blockade housing units planned for 1992, 5,400 will be in the almost three weeks ago, apparently in an attempt to make occupied West Bank, Gaza
Strip and Golan Heights,
according to Dedi Zucker of
the Citizens Rights Movement and Hann Oron of the the Kurds accept an autonomy agreement negotiated months ago but never signed. Supplies of food and fuel to Kurdistan have dried up and gov-

ernment employees such as Socialist Mapam Party.
About 4,650 units will go teachers, doctors and engineers in rebel areas have stopped reup in the West Bank alone ceiving their salaries. and the 5,400 are budgeted to cost 864 million shekels (ab-Mr. Abdul Rahman said that out \$360 million), they said in

"The government is contiming its official policy of building new settlements and to expand old ones as if there is no peace process," said The legislators' statement

said their figures came from housing ministry documents.

Israel Radio quoted the ministry's director general, Ariel Bar, as saying that the figures were wrong and the ministry has made no decision on where to build next year. Ministry spokesman Shaya Segal did not return telephone messages Monday. Housing Minister Ariel

Sharon, who vehemently opposes peace talks, is spearheading a building boom in the occupied territories and has vowed to double the Golan's Jewish population in a year.

The second phase of Arab-Israeli peace talks is due to start in late November.

these restrictions would be lifted if the Kurds agreed to pull their Peshmerga (guerrillas) out of the

If it is implemented, I hope it will warm up relations between the two sides," he added. The negotiations in Baghdad

took place against a background of reports of Iraqi troop movements near major Kurdish cities including Erbil, Sulaimaniyeh and Dohuk. Fighting broke out on the edges of Erbil Sunday and spor-

adic clashes continued Monday. But Mr. Abdul Rahman told reporters in the town of Shaqlawa

the government troop movements were not on the agenda in Baghdad, even though he met Iraqi Defence Minister Ali Hassan Al Majeed. "The matter was not discus-

the Erbil front said Sunday the "The agreement (would) nor-Iraqis had sent him three mesmalise the situation in our cities. sages warning him to move his gnerrillas aside to make way for

an advance on the city.

Half an hour after Mr. Abdul Rahman spoke, the sound of heavy artillery on the front could

enter Erbil.

be heard in the centre of Erbil. Kurdish leaders are scheduled to meet Tuesday morning to discuss the terms of the proposed deal with Baghdad.

Mr. Abdul Rahman is confident the agreement will be ratified by the Kurdish leaders. He said the terms were well within the mandate the delegation took with it to Baghdad,

"It should take us a few days to implement the agreement, nothing more," he added.

### Fate of Zionism resolution hangs on talks

the matter to a vote.

WASHINGTON (R) — President George Bush's bid to rescind the U.N. resolution equating Zionism with racism has become entangled with Middle East peace efforts and is being blocked by Arab states led by Egypt, according to a senior U.S. official.

Mr. Bush, in a Sept. 23 speech
to the United Nations, pledged

the United States to work for the two-thirds majority in the General Assembly needed to repeal the "To equate Zionism with racism is to reject Israel itself. This

body cannot claim to seek peace and at the same time challenge Israel's right to exist," Mr. Bush said in his speech. At the time, U.S. officials said

there was a good chance of rescinding the resolution soon since the Soviet Union, its former Bastern European satellites and many Third World nations no longer supported it.

But a senior U.S. State Department official told Reuters late last

week the United States was still not yet confident enough to bring

"If there was a straight up and down vote on a one-sentence resolution, then we have the votes," said the official, who asked not to be named. But he said Washington was

afraid that opponents of repeal could engage in procedural man-ocuves to frustrate the effort. They could try to add a series of anti-Israeli amendments to the resolution or seek to delay it. The worst thing would be to

proceed prematurely and see the effort fail. We could end up with a motion that we ourselves could not vote for," the official said. He said Egypt had emerged as the pivotal state in the issue with

many other governments apparently prepared to take their cue from Cairo.

Although it signed a peace treaty with Israel in 1979, Egypt was anxious to avoid a rift with hardline Arab states like Syria

over the "Zionism is racism" issue at a time when they were beginning their own peace talks

The official said Egypt had told Washington it would only vote to repeal the resolution if there was some progress in the Middle East peace process. It had not defined what it meant by "some prog-

Bilateral negotiations between Israel and its Arab enemies. which adjourned last week after the Madrid Middle East peace conference, are expected to resume before the end of this

The official said Egypt's position was itself a softening since Cairo had previously insisted that Arab-Israeli peace be achieved before agreeing to support repeal of the resolution.

The "Zionism is racism" resolution was carried on votes of Arab states, the Communist bloc and much of the Third World.

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A 50-member U.N. chemicals

weapons team, led by Dutchman Marias Van Zelm, has just con-

cluded a month-long stay in

Baghdad where it set up special laboratories at Muthana for the

The U.N. teams fly in and out

of Baghdad through Bahrain, the

regional centre for the commis-

sion. They use special U.N.-marked transport planes.

Kuwait: No threat

quoted Monday as saying that

chemical and radioctive weapons left over from the Gulf war did

not pose a threat to the health or

measuring the level of radiation periodically," Sheikh Ali Al Sabah told Sawt Al Kuwait daily.

The level of radiation in the

atmosphere and on land is within

the normal range and doesn't call

British reports said nuclear

waste left on the Guif war battle-

field was a threat to the health of

thousands of Kuwaitis as well as

British and other Western

The allied armies left at least 40

tonnes of depleted uranium in

tens of thousands of armour

piercing rounds fired at Iraqi

vehicles from U.S. aircraft and

British and U.S. tanks during the

conflict, Sawt Al Kuwait said.

The Independent on Sunday

quoted what it said was a secret

British Atomic Energy Authority

weapons that contain radioactive

material in Knwait and with the

armed forces," said Sheikh Ali.

They don't need special storage

"No radioactive waste has been

stored underground and we won't

permit that to happen," he

He said that some weapons

with a small percentage of

radioactive components were

used in the Gulf war to strike

danger because normal atmos-

pheric conditions will ... force

them (components) in the direc-

tion of the upper atmospheric

levels where they will melt and

They don't constitute any

against Iraqi positions.

"There are certain kinds of

(AEA) report.

for worry or concern.'

"The Kuwaiti authorities are

Kuwait's defence minister was

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### U.N. team to supervise Iraqi nuclear airlift to Soviet Union

BAHRAIN (AP) — U.N. experts flew Monday to Baghdad to supervise the airlift to the Soviet Union of non-radiated uranium Iraq was suspected of using in development of a nuclear weapons programme, a U.N. official said.

Arrangements have been made for Moscow to send a special plane to Baghdad Wednesday to carry out the first shipment the next day, said Alastair Livingston, regional chief of operations for the U.N. special commission. The same plane will return to Baghdad on Nov. 16 to carry out

a second shipment the following day, he said. The Soviet Union is taking the enriched uranium under an agreement it reached with the

Vienna-based International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), Mr. Livingston said. The 15-member team is led by Dimitri Perricos of the IAEA. The agency joins the U.N. commission in efforts to eliminate

Iraq's nuclear, chemical and biological weapons potential as well as long-range missiles. Mr. Perricos made the arrangements for shipment of the uranium while on an earlier nuclear

inspection trip to Baghdad. Quantities to be shipped out have not been disclosed. Mr. Livingston said that shipping the unprocessed fuel would

be a relatively easy task compared to transportation of radiated material which is yet to be arranged. Britain is reportedly ready to take the radiated material when

ready for shipment by the U.N. teams in the next few months. Bryan Barrass of Britain's chemical and biological defence establishment flew to Baghdad with Mr. Perricos.

Mr. Livingston said Mr. Barrass will discuss an Iraqi offer to deal with the highly hazardous task of destroying its chemical munitions, much of it leaking after heavy air bombardment by the U.S.-led coalition forces during the Gulf war.

To date, U.N. inspectors have listed about 46,000 of bombs, shells and rockets filled with chemical agents in Iraqi possession, as well as hundreds of tonnes of chemical agents including mustard gas and nerve gases sarin and

Large quantities of the con-

### Syria says Madrid talks just a start

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — Syria described the Madrid peace conference as a start on Monday but said it would become a "nonsense" if Israel maintained its refusal to swap land for peace.

The English-language daily Syria Times said the United States would have to put greater pressure on Israel to persuade it to hand back Arab land seized in the 1967 Middle East war.

"For the Arabs, the Madrid conference was no more than a tiny start for a long and painful run thats could be overturned at any moment as long as the Israelis keep talking about everything other than the land that has been occupied for 24 years," it said in an editorial.

"Although the conference in itself wasnot a waste of time... the could be changed into nonsense if Tel Aviv's government insists on

keeping the occupied lands." Syria and Israel held face-toface talks in Madrid just over a week ago but the meeting achieved little with Damascus asking for discussion of U.N. resolutions calling for Israeli withdrawal and Israel refusing the demand. Israel seized the Golan heights from Syria in 1967.

The Syrian Times said Washington would have to exert greater efforts to persuade Israel to implement U.N. resolutions 242 and 338, calling for an Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Arab territories.

"Any progress on the way of peace will require a great amount of intervention and mediation by the U.S. and the international community to make Israel yield to the requirements of peace."

A leading Egyptian newspaper meanwhile warned Arab delegations in Middle East peace talks to stick together and not do separate deals with Israel.

"One of the problems in Middle East peace talks is how to deal with solutions once they had been found since there are several parties negotiating at one time," the semi-official Al Ahram newspaper said in an editorial.

"There must be continuous Arab coordination so that the Israeli dream of getting this party or that on its own is aborted," the newspaper added.

Egypt was ostracised by the Arab World when it became the first Arab state to make peace with Israel in 1979.

#### No group has claimed responsicow in an effort to throttle pro-Josef Stalin sealed the border. Turkish sentiment in the break-Canadian energy minister in S. Arabia

Iran offers to mediate

The Farsi-language Jomhuri Islami daily said: "If a develop-

ment is to occur (in Soviet Azer-

baijan), Iran, due to the existing

political, social and cultural ties,

should utter the first word and

Azeris share a common culture,

language and religion with their

seven million Muslims across the

Turkey on Saturday became

In excerpts carried by the Isla-

the first country to recognise

mic Republic News Agency,

Jomhuri Islami said the West was

trying to instigate "pan-Turkish" sentiments, which it said must be

The Iranians have been watch-

ing developments in the Soviet

Union's southern republics with

Ethnic affinity and a relatively

strong economy draws the Azeris

to Turkey. But their cultural and

political links to Iran are greater.

Early last year, rampaging pro-

testers in Azerbaijan tried to

break open the border with the

neighbouring Iranian province,

demanding unification with their

call for the creation of "greater

Azerbaijan" could inspire its own

often restive Azeri minority to

seek independence from Tehran.

Soviet Azerbaijan was ac-

quired by Czarist Russia in the

1800s. In 1941, the Red Army

moved into northern Iran and the

Soviets set up a puppet state

It pulled out of Iran in 1941 and

Iranian officials fear that the

Azerbaijan's independence.

border in Azerbaijan.

throttled.

Some four million Iranian

play a key role in this respect.'

India-Pakistan rift

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran Monday

offered itself as a mediator in the

44-year-old rift between India

and Pakistan, Tehran Radio re-

The broadcast, monitored in

Nicosia, said the offer came in a

meeting in Tehran between Presi-

dent Hashemi Rafsanjani and In-

dian Foreign Minister Madhavs-

Mr. Rafsanjani told Mr.

Solanki that regional countries

must beware of efforts by "ene-

mies" to exploit differences

He said Iran was prepared to

"employ its full means to try and

resolve differences between India

Mr. Rafsanjani told Mr.

Solanki that conditions in the

world required "independent

countries like India and Iran to

He expressed hope that the

new government of Prime Minis-

ter Narasimha Rao would step up

efforts to safeguard the rights of minorities in India," so that Mus-

lims can feel safe alongside the

Mr. Solanki assured Mr. Raf-

sanjani that his government

would do everything in its power to safeguard the rights of Indian

He also extended a formal in-

vitation from Mr. Rao to Mr.

Calls for move on Azerbaijan

An Iranian newspaper has cal-

led on the government to follow

Ankara's recognition of Soviet

Azerbaijan's secession from Mos-

Rafsaniani to visit India.

increase cooperation."

other minorities."

and Pakistan," the radio said.

ported.

ingh Solaniki.

RIYADH (AP) - Canada's promote Canadian industry and energy minister, on tour to ex-plore the possibilities of Cana-gas services sector. dian stakes in oil and gas industry projects, arrived Monday in Saudi Arabia.

Jake Epp was expected to spend four days in the kingdom, the third leg of his trip, at the invitation of his counterpart, Hisham Nazer.

Mr. Epp was accompanied by a delegation including representa-tives of major Canadian companies. The group has already been in Kuwait and Qatar, and was expected to also visit Egypt before concluding the 10-day

Mr. Epp's chief of staff Barry

Botwater has described the trip as

a fact-finding one, designed to

"We're looking for opportunities for Canadian service indus-

tries to develop joint ventures,"

he said Sunday. Saudi Arabia, the world's leading oil exporter, is also keen on enhancing its search for other mineral resources in the kingdom including gold. Mr. Nazer also is

minister of mining

Qatar is a world leader in gas production, and is geared to de-velop downstream facilities and a gas-related industrial network.

Canada was a prominent member of the U.S.-led coalition forces that evicted Iraqi forces

from Kuwait last February.

Three Canadian firms were later involved in the mammoth task of extinguishing Kuwait oilfields. Mr. Epp visited the oil fields while in Kuwait and spent time with Mike Miller, leader of Safety Boss, one of three Canadian firms that alone put out 180 blazing wells after the Gulf war.

Classes

resume

at AUB

campus last week.

pre-dawn blast Friday.

BEIRUT (AP) - The American

University of Beirut AUB re-

sumed classes Monday as officials

sifted through the rubble in

search of documents that may

have survived a powerful car

bomb explosion that wrecked the

AUB officials put the final

estimate of destruction at \$200

million. One person was killed

and eight were wounded in the

Nearly 5,000 students attended

morning classes as employees

clawed through the debris hoping

to salvage files and documents

belonging to the administrative

Administration was located in

college hall which was de-

molished in the blast. Its tall

clock tower was toppled and the

university library was devastated.

damage at \$125 million, but the

figure increased after final assess-

Lebanese Squad 16 riot police-

men and Syrian troops in charge

of AUB's security were seen

frisking the students and checking

their bookcases as they walked

into the campus. Cars of the

faculty and staff, the only vehicles

allowed on campus, were all scar-

Police said investigation was

carried into a fourth day to track

down the culprits after the serial

number of the car used in the

bombing was recovered from the

debris at the weekend.

Officials initially estimated the

The delegation also is interested in exploring cooperation in the field of geographical information data. While in Doha, they visited the Qatari geographical information centre, set up a number of years ago by the Canadian Department of Energy, Mines and Resources.

The centre, and visiting Canadian experts, conducted remote sensing analysis of the devastating oil spill caused by the Gulf.

### Iran returns bodies

NICOSIA (AP) — The bodies of some Iraqi soldiers who died in the 1980-88 war with Iran were returned home by the Iranian government Monday, Tehran Radio reported.

of Iraqis

The broadcast, monitored in Nicosia, quoted an unidentified official in charge of Iranians missing in action (MIAs) as saying the corpses underwent a recently completed identification process. The number of bodies was not revealed.

He said the unilateral Iranian initiative was taken for humanitarian reasons, and in order to gain word about Iranians missing in

Iraq.
"This initiative is a window of hope for those missing in action, who are presently in Iraq," he was quoted as saying.

He said if Iraq cooperated the initiative "could have positive results.'

(PoWs) were exchanged by both sides after Iraq invaded Kuwait.

Some 38,000 prisoners of war

#### MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

#### 1.000 casualties from leftover mines, ammunition

KUWAIT CITY (AP) - A Kuwaiti physician said Monday that 130 people were killed and 1,127 injured between March and May by mines and explosives left over from the Gulf war. Abdullah Al Hammadi said 27 per cent of the casualties were children who were killed or suffered various kinds of injuries while playing with unexploded leftover devices. Dr. Hammadi spoke at the concluding session of a seminar on the environmental and health impacts of Iraq's seven-month occupation that ended Feb. 26. The seminar was organised by the public health ministry and representatives from the Gulf Cooperation Council, which groups Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Qatar and Oman. Dr. Hammadi said that the number of casualties decreased after May, but dozens of other victims were reported between June and October. "Although the war is over, the killing hasn't stopped," he said. About 60 per cent of the desert country, including roadsides and former picnic sites, is still littered with mines or unexploded ordnance from the Gulf war. There are no guards to stop people picking them up. Explosives experts say it will take 18 months to clear the country.

### Britain promotes trade links with Morocco

LONDON (R) — Britain is hosting an exhibition of Moroccan goods this week as part of a long-term plan to promote fast-growing trade links with the North African country, the Department of Trade and Industry said Monday. Britain's exports to Morocco have risen by 60 per cent in the past year, helped by an exhibition of British-made goods in Casablanca in 1990, it said Britain plans another exhibition in Morocco in 1992. "Morocco is Britain's fastest growing market in the Maghreb, but there is still plenty of scope for growth in Anglo-Moroccan trade," said Britain's Trade Minister Tim Sainsbury as he opened the exhibition. Britain's exports to Morocco totalled £119 million in 1990, compared with £85 million in 1989. Imports from Morocco were valued at £106 million in 1990, up from £96 million the Libya confers highest order on Ho Chi Minh

BANGKOK (AP) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has conferred his country's highest order on the late Vietnamese revolutionary Ho Chi Minh, the Voice of Vietnam radio reported Monday. It said the Al Fateh Order was handed over Sunday to

National Assembly Chairman Le Quang Dao by Libya's health minister. "The order was recorded in recognition of Ho Chi Minh as an outstanding leader of the national liberation movement in the world who set an example to all nations," it said. "It's also meant as a symbol of the traditional friendship between the two peoples of Libya and Vietnam." The visiting delegation is in Hanoi for a meeting of the Vietnamese-Libyan intergovernmental commission for economic and scientific cooperation, it added. Ho Chi Minh died in 1969. He founded the Indo-Chinese Communist Party and led the struggle against the nation's French colonial masters and later against the U.S.-backed government in the south. The former capital of South Vietnam - Saigon - was given his name after the communist victory in 1975.

### it's a dog's life in Algiers, says paper

ALGIERS (R) — It's a dog's life in Algiers — literally, an Algerian newspaper commented Monday. The independent daily Al Watan published a picture showing a pack of stray dogs in front of the city's legislative building with the caption saying "Canine demonstration against dog's life in front of National Assembly." The government recently increased prices of milk, cooking oil, sugar, petrol and butane gas in an attempt to end soaring spending on subsidies and meet International Monetary

#### Way opened for Israeli legislator's trial

TEL AVIV (AP) - A parliamentary committee on Monday voted to lift the immunity of ultra-orthodox legislator Yair Levy in a first step towards allowing his trial for forgery and theft. If the full parliament votes likewise, it could create a political crisis since Mr. Levy's Shas party has threatened to withdraw from Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's coalition cabinet over the issue. If Shas withdrew the backing of its five legislators, Mr. Shamir would et. Shas toppled Mr. Sh previous cabinet in March 1990 by withdrawing its support over the peace process. The committee vote came at the request of Attorney General Yosef Harish, who wants to try Mr. Levy on charges of "managerial theft, forgery... false registration of corporate documents, and causing corporate harm by means of fraud." Israeli reports have said Mr. Levy was suspected of forging signatures on Shas party checks for hundreds of thousands of Israeli shekels. Mr. Levy has denied any impropriety, saying the money remained in party institutions, Israel Radio said. Monday's vote, 17 in favour with three abstentions, came in the house committee, which regulates parliamentary procedures. The next step is a secret vote in the full Knesset. Parliamentary immunity is intended to facilitate freedom in the conduct of legislative business. Mr. Levy would not be the first lawmaker to

### Iranian quake injures 15, radio savs

NICOSIA (R) -- An earthquake in the southern Iranian city of Behbehan, rocked by a series of tremors in the past week, has injured 15 people, Iranian radio said Monday. The radio said the quake late Sunday had damaged residential and commercial property in Behbehan, in surrounding villages and in the town of Deh-Dasht to the north. The Iranian news agency (IRNA) said earlier that many residents of Behbehan had left their homes and were living in tents in the open. The latest quake measured five on the open-ended Richter scale and sent those residents still in their homes rushing into the streets, it added. "Tents have been set up on the city streets, parks and sports stadiums to lodge the residents," IRNA said. "Residents who have left their homes and are living in tents in open-air are reluctant to return to their fearful of fresh quakes." A quake measuring six on the Richter scale hit the city on Nov. 4. It injured 20 people and damaged many homes. Since then, some 70 tremors had been recorded in the area, IRNA said. A massive earthquake rocked porthwest Iran in June 1990, killing an estimated 35,000 people and making half a million people homeless.

### Hired assassin might have murdered Maxwell-lawyer

disperse," he said.

LONDON (Agencies) - A lawyer acting for the family of media tycoon Robert Maxwell has suggested a hired assassin might have hidden aboard his yacht and killed him.

Mr. Maxwell, whose naked body was found off Grand Canary Island Tuesday, was buried in Jerusalem Sunday.

"It is a possibility that an assassin could have been on board his yacht," Julio Hernandez Claverie, a Tenerife lawyer retained by the Maxwell family, said in Monday's edition of the British newspaper Today.
"It is possible Robert Maxwell

was murdered ' He said: "I am expressing the concerns of Mrs. Maxwell and

her children. They are sure he did not die of a natural heart attack." Spanish authorities released Mr. Maxwell's body on Wednesday after provisional autopsy findings indicated he died of natural causes, possibly a heart

The death certificate stated be died of cardio-respiratory arrest. Commenting on the findings, Mr. Maxwell's doctor Joseph

JORDAN TELEVISION

Joseph said: "There is no sign of Canary Islands pending further a heart attack per se. It was just an informed guess..."

Spanish judicial officials have

so far played down talk of foul play, noting there were no signs violence on the body.

The death of the 68-year-old British publisher, plagued by debts and allegations of links with Israel's secret service, has sparked fierce speculation over

possible foul play or suicide.
His widow, Betty Maxwell,
told the Sunday Mirror newspaper she had considered the possibility of murder.

"I toyed with every possibility, that he had been pushed in by someone planted there," she said. "There were so many people who hated him. He had many threats. Many people would be

delighted to bump him off."

She said: "He was a tremendous · fighter. Suicide would have been totally out of

A Tenerife judge investigating Mr. Maxwell's death has ordered the crew of the newspaper magnate's yacht not to leave the

inquiries.

The Daily Mail newspaper said a top Home Office pathologist made a secret examination of Mr. Maxwell just hours before the

It said Dr. Iain West flew to occupied Jerusalem to look for clues and to examine mark on the British publisher's head. A spokesman at Mirror group

newspapers confirmed the Mail's report saying Dr. West flew to Israel at the request of British insurance companies and with the full approval of the Maxwell

Mr. Maxwell's life is understood to have been insured for £20 million (\$35 million), insurance industry sources said.

Dr. West had hoped to carry out his examination in Grand Canaria, where Maxwell's body was taken after it was found in the sea Tuesday, but went to occupied Jerusalem instead to avoid delaying Sunday's funeral. Dr. West is head of forensic medicine at Guy's hospital in

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### U.S. police checking links in slayings of Libyan brothers

NEW YORK (R) - U.S. Police murders are... we are very suspiare investigating whether the slayings of two sons of a former Libyan prime minister, separated by 18 months and more than (5.000 kilometres) are more than

just a bizarre coincidence, Sand Otman Assed, 41, a son of Mohammad Otman Assed, Libyan prime minister from 1960 to 1963, was murdered in Cleveland, Ohio, on Nov. 2, police there said Sunday.

His brother, Abdessalem Otman Assed, was slain in a suburb of the Libyan city of Tripoli on June 20, 1990, family members

Both were shot to death in their cars. And both were slain with the same type of weapon, a .22 Berretta automatic pistol, another brother, Idriss, told Reuters in Rabat, Morocco, where

the family lives in exile. Idriss said Libyan authorities reported at the time that investigation showed Abdessalem was shot by his ex-wife.

But he said: "We do not know

what the real motives for these

cious, it's just too much of a

In Cleveland, homicide detective Robert Moore said that although a suspect has been arrested and charged with murdering Saud, police are still investigating in view of the brother's killing in Tripoli.

"We would think it is possible there might be some kind of connection there so we are still looking into it," he said in a telephone interview. "It seems odd, to say the least."

Mr. Moore told Reuters that Ali Shehada, a Palestinian, had been charged with murder and was being held in jail in lieu of bail of \$100,000.

He said the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) was also interested in the case. FBI spokesmen were unavailable for comment Sunday.

and small child, attended an Islamic cultural centre in Cleveland where he met Mr. Shehada three

## Saud, who is survived by a wife

## JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Zerqa Govt. Hospital .... Zerqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital ......... Al Hikma Modern Hospital ... (02)272275

FOR THE TRAVELLER INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

APPIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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	Other Flights (Terminal 2)
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	DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)
•	67:00 Aqaba (R) 10:30 London (R) 10:40 Vicana, Frankfurt (R) 11:10 Belgrade, Madrid (R) 11:20 Amsterdam, New York (R) 11:45 Rome Madrid (R) 11:50 Genva, Paris (R) 20:40 Leddah (R)

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### **Bread** to be added to list of subsidised commodities

\* AMMAN (J.T.) — Bread is to be added to the list of food commodities sold to the public at subsidised prices through compons issued only to Jordanian citizens, but the measure was not likely to take effect in the near future, according to Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply Ali Abul Ragheb.

For the present, the prices of bread for all citizens will remain the same, 75 fils a kilogramme, the minister said in a statement to Jordan Televi-

He said that the government will maintain subsidies on rice, sugar and powdered milk and will add bread to the list. By adopting this measure,

the treasury hopes to save JD 5 million annually, said the minister. He noted that the government's subsidy on food stuffs now runs at JD 40 million annually, of which wheat is subsidised at the rate of JD 30 million.

Those who would not benefit from the measure, the minister said, are visitors to Jordan, restaurants, hotels and non-Jordanian citizens living in the country.

The minister called on the public to refrain from boarding or stockpiling flour, noting that at least two to three months would pass before the government can finalise arrangements for the application of the new

At present, the price of regular bread remains at 75 fils a kilogramme, but according to informed sources, the price would jump to 200 fils a kilogram once the new system has been adopted.

However, citizens holding food coupons will continue to buy bread for 75 fils a kilo for up to 10 kilogrammes a month per person under the new sys-

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### **Princess Basma meets** villagers, promises to address their needs and concerns

MAFRAQ (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Monday met with citizens at the social development centres in Al Rawda and Al Dafianeh villages and discussed with them their social needs and the services the two centres could provide for them.

Speakers at the meeting re-viewed the development achieved in Jordan under His Majesty King Hussein and affirmed that Jordanian citizens will remain united under King Hussein's leadership.

The meeting discussed the role of social service centres in providing services for children and women and ways to implement training and productive programmes which aim at increasing incomes of families in the region by teaching women skills, enabling them to benefit from incomegenerating project.

Princess Basma landed the citizens' enthusiasm during the stages of building the two centres and thanked them for their cooperation. She voiced hope that their cooperation and enthusiasm

two centres commence their activities in the near future.

Princess Basma stressed the importance of coordination among the various government departments and called for accelerating the process of constructing two charitable societies in the villages so as to take charge of running the two centres in coopertion with the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund

Several officials who attended the meeting expressed their appreciation to Princess Basma for giving priority to Al Mafraq governorate in establishing such pioneering centres which promote teamwork and contribute to the development of society.

The population of Al Rawda Village is estimated at 2,000 people while that of Al Dafianeh is estimated at 1,500.

At the outset of her tour of Al Mafraq Governorate, Princess Basma attended the graduation ceremony of participants in sever-

will continue unabated when the al training courses at social service centres and charitable

Mafraq Governor Mahmoud Al Sari, who is chairman of Al Mafraq Social Services Centre, delivered at the graduation ceremony an address in which he voiced appreciation of Princess Basma's distinguished role in the field of social work.

The director of the social services centres in Al Mafraq Governorate also delivered an address in which he reviewed the conditions of social centres in the governorate and the role they play in activating public participation in the developmental pro-

He said the children's programmes which were carried out by the social services have so far benefitted a total of 700 children and that the training programmes had benefitted 200 women.

Princess Basma then opened a charity bazaar which included knitwear and handicrafts made by the graduates.

# The society is planning to

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN (J.T.) — Burdens and

obligations weighing on the gov-ernment has forced it to try to

reduce the deficit in the fiscal

budget by nearly JD 80 million,

said Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply Ali Abul Ragheb

By relying on the domestic revenues to achieve that goal, the

government has imposed a con-

sumer tax, said the minister at a

meeting with a group of indus-

trialists at the Amman Chamber

of Industry. The industrialists had

reacted angrily over the govern-

ment's move and a series of

meetings were held at the cham-

At Monday's meeting, the

minister assured the industrialists

ber to examine the situation.

AMMAN — The Jordan Cancer Society (JCS) is launching a campaign designed to help curtail the growing number of cancer cases in the Kingdom through its "Prevention and Early Detection of Cancer"

As part of the campaign, the

The society issued a statement appealing to the public to support the campaign and calling on Jordanian citizens to take part in the march.

The JCS is in the process of expanding its public health education programmes for cancer, the society statement said. launch an ambitious programme for early detection and prevention of cancer and this includes fixed centres and mobile units to help it carry out its project.

The early detection programme, it said, should have a clear impact on the health of patients by improving the cure rates. In order for the society to achieve these humanitarian objectives, the statement said, it needs all possible help it can

statement pointed out. It said that most common cancers in Jordan, based on a

at Jordan University Hospital in the 1987-1989, period, lymphoma, gastrointestinal tract, genitourinary tract (mainly bladder) acute leukemia, respiratory tract and lung or breast for women. It said ear-

try, said, is considering an indust-

rial sector scheme as a working

plan for encouraging invest-

Referring to the heavy respon-sibilities and burdens facing Jor-

dan, the minister said that the

industrial sector can play a major

role in boosting the economy and

reducing the problem of unem-

had showed their opposition not

only to the 10 per cent consumer

tax, but also to a government

proposed procedure to decrease

customs duty on a series of im-

Particularly disturbing to

manufacturers of low prices con-

ported products.

The Jordanian industrialists

The march is intended to raise funds for the centre for prevention and early detection of cancer, which is expected to cost JD 1 million, in addition to treatment cost, said society President Mohammad Saeed Al Khatib. The JCS welcomes any contributions which would help in the purchase of equipment needed for this vital project, Dr. Khatib said.

of most cases.

Dr. Khatib, who is also vice dean of the School of Medicine at the University of Jordan, said that Jordan University Hospital now treats between 150 to 200 cancer cases on a daily basis.

Through this plan and the march, Dr. Khatib said, the

sumer products such as chocolates and biscuits was the reduction in customs duty on similar imported products. Such reduction, they argued, will clear the way for the imported product to dominate the market at the expense of the local product.

Speaking at the meeting Monday, Chamber President Khaldoun Abu Hassan stressed the industrial sector's pledge to cooperate with the government to help stimulate the national economy and reach agreements through dialogue. Mr. Abu Hassan also referred to the negative aspects of the latest decision of imposing a consumer tax and their negative impact on the eco-

### March to help collect funds for cancer treatment units, raise public awareness about disease

Minister reassures industrialists

on government's commitment

to support local businesses

that the government was keen on

supporting all trends for invest-ment in the industrial sector in

Jordan and the ministry would do

all it can to back the industrial

development and help local in-

dustries find new markets

Mr. Abul Ragheb underlined

the importance of cooperation

between the private and public

sectors in the course of overcom-

ing the difficulties now facing the

The minister said that the gov-

ernment would re-examine a

number of decisions that might

impede industrial development

and would introduce legislation

that contribute towards boosting

industrial sector

JCS is organising a charity march on Friday under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein, honorary president of the society, on the occasion of His Majesty's birthday, which falls on Thursday. The march will start and finish at the Regency Hotel, the starting time is 9 a.m.

In the absence of a national cancer registry, all the figures regarding cancer prevalence. and incidence are estimates from previous studies in Jordan and from adjusted international figures provided by the World Health Organisation (WHO). These indicate that 5,000 new cancer cases a year appear in the country, the

study of 2,034 new cases seen

society hopes to establish a register of cancer cases in cooperation with the Health Ministry and other concerned institutions to provide accurate information about the cancer situation in the Kingdom. lay detection of cancer drama-

In its statement, the society said that the early detection tically improves the cure rate programme aims to create public awareness of certain curable cancers if detected early, train medical personnel to be able to explain to the patient the methodology of early detection of each type of cancer and make available certain medical facilities for early detection in various parts of the Kingdom.

According to Dr. Khatib, the project will be carried out two stages. The first stage, he said, entails setting up mobile units, while the second calls for creation of four stationary centres in Irbid, Zarqa, Karak and Amman.

The JCS, which was established in 1964, groups 200 members concerned with combating the killer disease.

Mohammad's

Army trial

completion

AMMAN (J.T.) — The State

Security Court in Marka has sche-

duled one more session for Tues-

day to hear the testimony of the

last two witnesses in the Moham-

nearing

### Committees working on plan concerning new federation

AMMAN (J.T.) — Committees entrusted with preparing a draft law on the Jordan Farmers Federation (JFF) Monday discussed practical steps to bring the law into force when the JFF replaces the existing Jordan Valley Farmers Association (JVFA).

According to Hassan Nabulsi, who heads the committees, nine farmers representing each governorate have been chosen to form a general assembly who would prepare the plan's

final version. The announcement about the creation of the JFF was made in May of 1990, when the minister of agriculture announced that the federation would group not only farmers of the Jordan Valley, but different farmers from around the country. Among the various tasks to be entrusted to the JFF will be the provision to farmers of their requirements of farming for their operations and the stabilisation of prices of agricultural products through and

carefully studied plans.

Mr. Nabulsi said that the creation of the federation was deemed necessary in the absence of a general syndicate grouping all farmers and de-

Cultural Centre.

. . . . . . . -- ;:-...

fending their interests. The projected federation, he said, would help decision-makers work out agricultural policies and strategies related to marketing and credit to far-

The federation would also be expeted to help rationalise the adoption of sound agricultural procedures and plans, offer guidance to farmers and help in the implementation of food processing industries, Mr. Nabulsi added.

According to Agriculture Ministry sources, the JFF will collect a fee of 1 per cent on all agricultural products and live animals imported by Jordan so as to help finance the JFF's operations and help local farmers produce more.

Participants in the meeting, which convened at the Professional Association Complex, decided to meet again to set up a higher federation council grouping eight persons repre-senting various governorates in Jordan to supervise the work of the federation's activities and ensure the co-ordination between the JFF and concerned government depart-

### Minister calls on Zarqa factory owners to recycle water

Kawar Monday called on factory owners in the Zarga Governorate to recycle water at their firms and to introduce proper measures to protect the environment.

Such steps are essential to rationalise the use of water so that clean and potable water can be available in more quantities to the public, the minister said during a visit to the governorate where he inspected water projects and met with officials to learn about the water situation.

The government is seeking to carry out projects that benefit the largest number of citizens and is trying to make available sufficient funds for them, said the minister at a meeting with Zarqa Gov-ernor Mohammad Shobaki and other officials.

The minister reviewed with local officials the general environmental situation in Zarqa, environmental problems resulting from the concentration of a large number of factories along the Zaroa River and the effects of these problems on various crops and trees.

Discussions centered on the Khirbet Al Samra waste water treatment plant and the negative effects of the water leaking onto agricultural lands. The minister

ZARQA (J.T.) — Minister of is now under construction, has Irrigation Samir been completed and becomes merational, local farmers would be allowed to use the recycled treated water to irrigate fruits trees in the area around the plant.

The minister urged factory owners to keep their treatment units operating all the time so that only treated water is used. He said a proper location should be found for dumping the solid waste material.

He also announced that the ministry was creating a special department, the Information and Education Department, to offer guidance services to the public about ways of consuming saving

The governor complained of environmental problems plaguing the Zarqa region, including the presence of factories that had been set up at random and without proper organisation. The result has been that the area now has environmental problems.

Later Mr. Kawar inaugurated Al Rawda water purification plant, which pumps 30 cubic metres of water daily. The plant director said that the plant, which cost JD100,000 was built by a private company.

The plant is the first of its type

in the Zarqa region and its operation is supervised by the ministries of health, water and irrigasaid that when a new plant, which tion and industry and trade.

### Conference to examine ways of increasing fodder processing in Arab World

AMMAN (J.T.) — The second Arab conference on developing fodder processing in the Arab World will open in Amman on Nov. 25 under the patronage of His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Ben Al Hussein, according to an

announcement Monday.

The announcement said that the four-day conference, which has been organised by the Arab Federation for Food Industries, (AFFI) in coopera-tion with the uninistries of supply and agriculture as well as the Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO), will be accompanied by a general exhibition displaying various equipment used in the fodder

industry by Arab and foreign

Subjects to be discussed include economic and technical aspects of the fodder processing industry, standards and specificiations to be followed, production of fodder concentrates, modern trends in the production techniques and plans adopted for promoting the industry in the Arab

The organisers said that the conference was part of the ongoing efforts designed to evaluate the Arab fodder industry and boost the livestock

Several research and work-

ing papers to be discussed by the delegates feature Arab and foreign expertise on cooperation in the production of animal feed. The delegates represent ministries of industry, agriculture, supply and trade in Arab countries, organisations concerned with the fodder industry, Arab chambers of agriculture, industry and trade, Arab universities and individual Arab and foreign ex-

According to the organisers, the conference was expected to issue a set of recomendations designed to boost the fodder industry, which helps to increase the livestock wealth of the Arab world.

mad's Army trial and the military prosecutor's statement. At Monday's session, the court which is presided over by military 🛴 Judge Yousef Al Faouri, heard the testimony of two witnesses, a radiologist at the military hospital in Zarga and an orthopedist at Al Hussein Medical City in Amman.

The two witnesses testified that injuries sustained by some of the defendants were not the result of any torture at the military prison, but rather came as a result of various and harsh training in martial arts like karate and Tae Kwon

Lawyer for the defendants had earlier alleged that the accused had been tortured and had sustained injuries in the arms and

Court sources said that the judge on Tuesday might issue the verdits after hearing the military prosecutor's statement.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

### **EXHIBITIONS**

- ★ Exhibition entitled "The Arab Traditional House, Selected Items of our Heritage" by Hana Sadeq Bardon at Baladna Gallery, Gardens Street.
- \* Exhibition entitled "Graphic Arts of the 60s' (from the Federal Republic of Germany) at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Founda-tion gallery (open from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.).
- \* Exhibition of traditional embroidery and handmade items at the Marriott Hotel.
- \* Edibition of paintings depicting scenes from Aqaba and Jordan by Jordanian artist Kamal Shahawi Yassin at the Housing Benk Gallery. ☆ Exhibition by Iraqi artist Samira Abdul Wahab at the Royal
- \* Ribibition of maps and aerial photos organised by the Royal Geographic Centre at the University of Jordan. \* Exhibition of sculptures, ceramics and paintings by 76 Iraqi artists at the Royal Cultural Centre.

\* Art exhibition by Ibrahim Shalabi at Al Orthodoxi Chab.

### . CONCERT

Recital by renowned German painist Christian Kolm at the Royal Cultural Centre - 8 p.m.

Abdul Hamid Abu Shaqra Monday congratulates trainees who recently finished training course

Abu Shaqra praises trainees AMMAN — Participants in a training course organised by the Abu Shaqra Trade Centre in Am-

man received their diplomas at a ceremony held under the patronage of Abdul Hamid Abu Shaqra, chairman of the board of directors of the Abu Shaqra Trade

The trainees were employees at

pharmacies and sales representatives employed by the Abu Shaqra Trade Centre.

The course was arranged by the Abu Shaqra Trade Centre in cooperation with the Ellen Betrix International Firm for Cosnetics. under the supervision of the German beautician expert, Petra

### Libyan team in Jordan to recruit teachers

AMMAN (J.T.) - A committee sent to Amman by the Libyan government Monday started interviewing Jordanian teachers in the process of recruiting at least 700 of them to work in Libyan

According to the head of the Libyan team, Musa Awnieh, the teachers are wanted to offer services to the secondary stage in Libvan schools.

Mr. Awnich, who is also director general of the Education Affairs Department at the Libyan Ministry of Education, said that his team was entrusted with re-

mistry, mathematics, biology, computer science, and Arabic. Mr. Awnieh said that female teachers can also apply, especially those whose husbands are working in Liyba. But, he added, their contracts would be drawn up in Libya and not in Jordan.

cruiting teachers of physics, che-

The Libyan team came to Jordan this year to recruit teachers for the secondary stage, well assured of the Jordanian teachers capabilities and efficiency, Mr. Awnich said.

Each teacher would be offered a monthly salary commensurate

### **HOME NEWS IN BRIEF**

### King congratulates Japan

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday sent a cable to Japanese Emperor Akihito to congratulate him in his name and on behalf of the Jordanian government and people on his coronation day anniversary. King Hussein wished Emperor Akihito good health and happiness, and the Japanese people further progress and prosperity.

### Library seminar to be held

AMMAN (Petra) — A seminar on the conditions of libraries in the occupied Arab lands opened at the Royal Cultural Centre Monday. The three-day seminar, which is organised by the Jordanian Libraries Society in cooperation with the Iraqi Society for Libraries and Information, will discuss issues related to libraries and information centres in the occupied territories and obstacles impeding their work. A total of 16 working papers will be presented by researchers from the occupied territories.

#### with his or her qualifications and experience plus a housing facility appropriate to single and married He said that teachers will be

allowed to transfer home half of their salaries in hard currency through legal and proper channels in the Libyan banks.

### ABU SHAQRA TRADE CENTRE AL RA'ED COMMERCIAL AGENCY

German beautician Petra Scholl

Director of the training centre at Ellen Betrix Company will have the honour of receiving you in

#### Al Shmeisani branch at Abu Shaqra Establishment

to examine your complexion and give advice and directions on taking care of your skin and beauty free of charge on Tuesday from 3-7 p.m. and on Wednesday from 9:30 a.m. till 1 p.m. and 3-7 p.m.

All are welcome

### **Jordan Times**

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### Multilaterals under lens

SHOULD multilateral regional talks between the Arabs and the Israelis wait until the bilateral peace negotiations produce some tangible results, as the Syrians insist, or should they ran parallel, in order to supplement each other, as Prime Minister Taher Masri argued Saturday?

There are arguments both in favour and against the two propositions. There is logic in the first proposition in that the third stage multilateral negotiations need to await the stimulus of the second stage bilateral talks. Otherwise the perspective on the Arab-Israeli negotiations would appear to be lopsided as it would endeavour to put the cart before the horse. After all the differences that exist between the two sides on such multilateral matters had emerged principally because of the political and military confrontations that existed between them over the past decades. In this context, it makes sense to try to first contain the direct Arab-ligaria conflicts over the Palestinian case and other related situations that ensued from it before indulging in the ambitious programme that aims to settle the string of multileteral intes that unhappily persist in the Middle East region, be they related to water or disarmament or environmental considerations. On the other hand, there is equal logic in pursuing the two sets of negotiations between the Arab side and Israel concurrently albeit in a parallel form. As the stakes in the multilateral subjects are indeed great for both camps, there is every reason to conclude that the simultaneous handling of these concerns stands to strengthen rather than weaken the bilateral talks. It is hard to tell in advance which level of parleys could serve as the necessary bait for the other, and the only way to determine this matter is not to let one set of negotiations to preempt the other. Only concurrent negotiations over bilateral and multilateral conflicts would offer the guarantee that there is indeed an organic link between the two levels of negotiations by making progress on one dependent on success on the other.

Seen against this background, it should not be too difficult to reconcile the differences between the Syrian and Israeli perspectives on how to proceed with the next phases of negotiations between Israel and the Arab parties by overcoming the apparent impasse on this basis, Damascus is on record as seeking progress on the two fronts of the negotiations as soon as possible. All the other Arab parties are in agreement with it on this goal. Israel, on the other hand, appears to seek progress on the multilateral issues independently of any meaningful negotiations on the central conflicts that divide the Arabs and Israelis. Unless and until Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir yields to common sense and accepts to push forward with the bilateral talks in a serious way, there could be little room for any real progress on the other regional issues. What really matters in the final analysis is the seriousness of Israel to conclude a just and durable peace accords on the Palestinian question. Once this issue is resolved to the satisfaction of all sides, the current deadlock over the modalities of the next negotiations need not talk much time and effort to break.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

ON NOV. 22 U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 will have reached the age of 24, thanks to Israel's continued rejection of the international legitimacy and Washington's continued support to Israel's stand, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Monday. Let us put aside the thought about the barbaric aggression launched in Iraq to force it to respect the U.N. Security Council resolutions and to force its troops to leave Kuwait, and let us turn our attention to the question of why did not the United States and the European countries impose a similar measure on the Israelis all these years in order to force them to comply with the international legitimacy, the paper said. At the Madrid peace conference all the parties, except for the Israelis, demanded that the U.N. resolutions be implemented and that Israel recognise the rights of the Palestinian people by withdrawing its troops from the territories they occupied in 1967, the paper said. Furthermore, plans for the continuation of the peace conference through bilateral and then multilateral talks express the world community's desire to implement Resolution 242 and force the Israelis to halt their settlement programme in the occupied Arab lands, the paper continued. It said that unless that happens, and unless occupied lands are liberated, the whole process will be considered no more than a farce and a tool with which the Western countries want to keep the Arabs busy and forget the barbaric aggression launched against their Iraqi brothers.

THE government's decision to impose a consumer tax on all locally manufactured products came as a severe blow to the national industry and did a great deal of harm to national interests, said a columnist in Al Dustour daily Monday. If the government is forced to take this step in compliance with conditions imposed by the International Monetary Fund to help the country carry out the economic restructuring programme, the government should have at least consulted with Parliament, said Mohammad Daoudieh. The printer said is mmad Daoudieh. The writer said it was surprising to see such measures being adopted by the government as the national efforts, and specifically those of the government, are directed towards boosting national production and enabling Jordanians to become self-sufficient and self-reliant. By imposing this tax on local goods, and reducing taxes on imported ones, the government is inviting the public to buy foreign products and ignore the local goods, he argued. Furthermore, such a measure is bound to frighten off investors and help the flight of capital which is short needed at this particular moment when the Kingdom is still grappling with the consequences of the Gulf crisis and trying to bolster the national economy, the writer said. By taking the measure, the writer said, the government has ignored the industrial sector which is bound to suffer a great deal, and abused the concept of democracy by shunning consultation with Parliament. The writer said that the government should rather set a good example to the public by consecrating democracy rather than abusing power.

### U.S. sees Mideast peace efforts resuming soon

By Alan Elsner Reuter

WASHINGTON - Middle East peace talks have taken a brief time-out while Arabs and Israelis assess the results of the opening round in Madrid but U.S. officials are confident negotiations

will resume later this month. "The momentum that has been achieved at Madrid will continue. The parties have shown determination, a great deal of courage on the part of both the Israelis, the Arabs, the Palestinians to make some hard choices and hard decisions," said Edward Djerejian, assistant secretary of state

televised interview last week. and an intention to see if they can Washington will put forward its resolve their differences and pro- own solution.

ceed with the next steps in the peace process

After a brief pause last week while the parties took stock, diplomatic contacts have resumed to determine where to hold three separate groups of bilateral negotiations matching Israel with Syria, Lebanon and a joint Jordan-Palestinian delegation.

While Israel originally wanted the talks held in the Middle East to symbolise its own acceptance by Arab countries — and the Arabs wanted them in Madrid, both sides seem to recognise that they will have to comprem-

Secretary of State James Baker for Near Eastern Affairs, in a has given them two weeks to try solve the problem themselves. If There was a momentum there they fail, as seems likely.

Among possible sites mentioned by Israeli and Palestinian sources are Washington, Wil-

liamsburg, Virginia, and Ottawa. In addition, the United States is working hard to convene re-gional Middle East talks on issues like arms control, sharing water, trade, the environment and re-

#### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

Syria opposes these talks until Israel starts withdrawing from occupied territories and has urged other Arabs to stay away. But at least 12 Arab states and a variety of other countries say they would attend such a meeting.
If the regional gathering takes

place, it is certain to take on considerable symbolic value as concile Arabs and Israelis. In fact, if Madrid proved any-

thing, it showed that Syria has no veto over the general Arab position and that Palestinians feel able to set their own pace in the

The Syrians dragged their feet until the last minute about starting face-to-face negotiations with Israel last Sunday but found themselves isolated when the Palestinian-Jordanian delegation went ahead without them and held two sessions with the The Palestinians, who face a

grim political and economic future under occupation unless they can negotiate some form of selfrule with the Israelis, are eager to move ahead quickly. Syria, which sees little prospect

another high-profile move to re- of regaining the Golan Heights

moved toward resolution - are

1967 Middle East war, is more down to substance. suspicious.

The Israelis and Palestinians were the big winners. The conference demonstrated these were the parties who really wanted to get down to business," said Martin Indyk, director of the Washington Institute for Near East Policy.

The Israelis, Jordanians and Palestinians praised the atmosphere that prevailed in their meeting and even issued a joint statement. The Syrians refused to shake the hands of their Israeli enemies, but the Palestinians and Jordanians did so.

This does not mean Israeli-Palestinian talks will be easy. In fact, Palestinian sources in the United States said they expected

that Israel took from it in the and hardline when the talks got

But there is at least an agreed basis on which to talk. And in the form of the Israeli-Egyptian negotiations on Palestinian autonomy held from 1979 to 1982, there is an established record of discussion which did manage to define some areas of agree-

ment before ultimately failing. Whatever happens, the process is going to need very strong U.S. involvement to avoid early dead-

Former President Jimmy Carter, who orchestrated the tortuous talks that produced the historic Middle East peace accord between Israel and Egypt said: 'Without the U.S. playing a very strong role, on a step by step basis. I think it'd be highly unthe Israelis to be extremely rigid likely that they'd make progress."

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## Bush may have a winner here

By Robert E. Hunter

IN recent months, the United States has been reducing its strategic engagement worldwide everywhere, that is, but the Middle East. When President George Bush opened the Arab-Israeli peace conference in Madrid, he was making a major gamble that would either confirm U.S. primacy in the region or promote new risks to U.S. in-

With its twin victories in the cold war and the Gulf, the United States rang down the curtain on the postwar era, which was dominated by military power and the political standoff between history's two mightiest nations. Geo-economics is replacing geo-strategy as the dominant shaper of global politics. But the Middle East is still stuck in the past. With the end of East-West confrontation in Central Europe, the Middle East now holds the title of Most Heavily Armed Region on Earth. And as the great powers muse about limiting arms sales, the purchase of conventional weapons by local states is regaining momentum.

These facts matter to the United States for the same reason that Mr. Bush sent half a million troops to the region last year: to guarantee the flow of oil.

The Gulf has become the locus of the most palpable challenge to a critical U.S. strategic interest: the energy supply. Today, that challenge is not posed by Iraqi Saddam Hussein remains a America's unusual position and brooding menace, but by the committing an act of rare statesaftermath of Desert Storm: the manship; building for the longcontinuing possibility of a back- term rather than responding to lash, of new instabilities in the the moment. His focus on Arabregion in the wake of Western Israeli diplomacy has been made military victory over an Arab necessary in part because of U.S.

More than anything else, con- means of promoting regional sta-

By Mohammad I. Ayish

ONE conventional wisdom en-

joying wide popularity in our

Ph.D holders-club, you im-

mediately belong to a special

class of "eggheads" who are

bonded together not only by edu-

cational accomplishments, but

also by a profound sense of intel-

lectual superiority, often rife with

a great deal of self-righteousness.

In our academic institutions

(public and private), which are

proliferating at an amazing speed, the long-cherished image

of the academic as both a teacher

and a researcher is still around,

albeit in a distorted form. This

image seems to perpetuate a pat-

tern of thinking in which academics are conceived of as

omni-knowledgeable in their do-

main of study. They are self-

perceived as the human think

tanks of society who are on top of

the theoretical underpinnings of

the engines of socio-political and

economic changes. They are even

viewed as possessing magical

panacea for all our social and

Yet, these highly-pretentions

self-images, despite their gla-mour, have failed to generate

concomitant patterns of be-

haviour in the real world. They

have fallen short of being mir-

rored as interactive and dynamic

components of the process of

socio-economic development. A

revolution of "rising frustrations"

seems to be in the making both

inside and outside our academic'

The relevant question often

voiced by enlightened academics

as well as laymen takes on a

utilitarian outlook when they

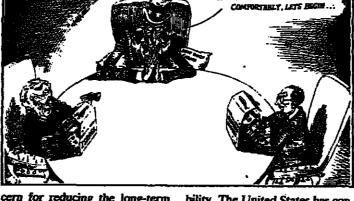
wonder about the value of those

mushrooming universities at a

time when our academics have

political woes.

nia is that once you join the



cern for reducing the long-term risks to oil explains the commitment of President Bush - himself an oil man - to prosecute Arab-Israeli peacemaking. In-deed, the traditional U.S. motives for trying to unravel the world's most complex diplomatic problem are now absent. There is currently no threat of Arab attack on Israel or of Soviet expansion into the region.

Like it or not, the continuing dispute over Jersualem and the fate of the Palestinians is the touchstone of Arab politics, a critical factor in regional stability and the single most important long-range determinant of U.S. standing in the region. At the moment, that standing is at its all-time peak, as is America's pre-eminence as the sole great power in the Middle East, to a degree unmatched by any other country for at least the past two

By going to Madrid, Mr. gression, though President George Bush was thus exploiting frustration over alternative

Not only have some of the

academic programmes been so

irrelevant to the country's needs

and problems, but the quality of

education is becoming increasing-

ly miserable by modern stan-

dards. Likewise, the assumed

role of the academia as a scholar-

ly research community has failed

to materialise satisfactory. Spor-

adic research has been carried out

by academics only to get them-

selves promoted. The findings

of those research works hardly

made their way out of faculty

offices, and were of minimal

value to other sectors in society.

To be fair, it should be noted that

the scanty flow of research from

academic centres to outside in-

stitutions may be explained partly

by the lack of enthusiasm on the

part of those institutions for re-

search as a basis for making their

decisions. A crisis of confidence

between the academia and other

institutions seems to be evolving.

plight of our academia requires a

systematic probe into the person-

al, occupational, organisational

and institutional millieu of

academics; two points may be

cited to shed light on the issue.

First, interest in doing research as

provided for in university laws

and regulations seems to stem

largely from the self-interest of

the academics who view research

as a means of getting themselves

promoted. The inhibitive implica-

tion of this practice is that once

the academic moves up to a high-

er rank, his enthusiasm for doing

academics in our universities re-

lates to the fact that a good

number of them had not planned

originally to choose academic

work for a life career, but rather

found themselves, perhaps un-

consciously, attracted to what

On that basis, they were granted

A major issue associated with

research wanes.

exhibited an unjustifiable degree seemed to be a personally and

of isolation and "overegg- socially rewarding opportunity.

Although understanding the

bility. The United States has concluded defence agreements with Kuwait and Bahrain, but these do not guarantee tranquility in the permanent U.S. military pre-sence and is asking that U.S. weapons and ammunition stockpiled for Desert Storn either be removed or sold to Riyadh. And as the hostage crisis in Lebanon has been stymied in his efforts to

repair U.S. relations with Iran, a

natin key to the regional balance. In addition, the president has become locked in a dilemma of his own making. He has vowed not to lift sanctions against Iraq so long as President Saddam Hus-Iraqi leader refused to go. Nor reputation on Arab-Israeli will he accept the United Nations diplomacy and confirmed that the tional pressures to end sanctions altogether. Uncertain of winning this test of wills but needing to show U.S. competence as the arbiter of regional security, Mr. Bush has turned to the Arab-Israeli issue.

gamble will succeed — that the The above article is reprinted

graduate studies and come back

to work at sponsor institutions for

a number of years. It is for this

reason that many of our Ph.D

holders have become rather dis-

something that has adversely

affected their potential to do re-

search and dampened their en-

The preceding trends in our

academic institutions cannot be

solely blamed on our academic

staff. Institutions in which

academic staff operate also de-

serve their share of the blame.

Apart from their slim funding

opportunities, our universities

lack the necessary mechanisms for

providing an environment condu-

cive to healthy scholarship. Re-

search facilities and resources are

inadequate, outdated, and in-

terest in attending scholarly

meetings abroad is stifled by allo-

cating a minimal sum of money

that barely covers the cost of a

scholarly refereed journals are

also to blame for failing to insti-

tute a fair system of evaluating

research for publication in those journals. Publication seems to be

largely subject to the whims of

those who oversee the production

of the journals. It happened that

the author sent a research work

on the unique experiment of the

radio programme "Direct Broad-

casting" to a journal at one of our

universities. The reply came a big

"NO", and no reason was given

for the rejection. The manuscript

was sent to an international jour-

nal in the Netherlands and the

response was full of positive

comings in our academic life is

neither the university nor the

The main loser of these short-

staff, but society at large. It is Mohammad Ayish teaches jour-

society that is bound to suffer nalism at Yarmouk University.

much from keeping its problems He contributed this article to the

untackled, from not benefitting Jordan Times.

words of gratitude.

Academic institutions with

one-way ticket.

thusiasm for teaching.

scholarships to pursue their from new innovations and ways

illusioned with their careers, academia at this time of the coun-

Crushing the academic shell

better than at any other time since President Jimmy Carter left office. The PLO has not fully recovered from its loss in backing President Saddam Hussein. The Soviet Union is a U.S. ally. And everyone who matters had accepted the U.S. invitation to Madrid — all are in the tent, and no one important is outside.

Secretary of State James Baker has also crafted the best possible strategy. By getting Israelis in the same room with Palestinians and Syrians, Mr. Baker hopes that psychology will begin to change, as happened in both Egypt and Israel after Anwar Sadat went to Jerusalem in December, 1977. In the months after Madrid, Israel Gulf. Indeed, Saudi Arabia is and its negotiating partners will again becoming wary of a wrangle about specific issues, but two critical decisions could emerge. Syria may decide that it has more to gain from ending hostilities than from playing the spoiler, and Israel may decide that it prefers peace to keeping all falls short of resolution, Mr. Bush of the West Bank. All other questions are secondary.

The necessary breakthrough in psychology can be achieved only through time, patience the deep and continual involvement of the United States. Success is far from assured. But by going to Madrid. Mr. Bush has sein remains in power, but the stakethis regional

permission to sell \$1.5 billion United States will remain a Midworth of oil and thereby relieve dle East power for the indefinite the plight of his people, whose future. Long-term American incritically affected by the re-sults.

Robert E. Hunter, vice president for regional programmes at the Centre for Strategic and Interna-tional Studies in Washington, was an Arab-Israeli peace negotiator The prospects that Mr. Bush's in the Carter Administration. Arab-Israeli conflict can be from the Los Angeles Times.

of thinking, from the ceaseless

flow of incompetent graduates

and from investing in an unprofit-

try's history is underlied by two

factors. First, the general para-

digm in national and internation-

al development stresses the im-

portance of information as a re-

source for economic and social

change; thus the phrase "in-formation society" has been

coined. Since our universities are

supposed to be, by virtue of their

nature, information-rich institu-

tions, or huge multi-disciplinary

data banks, they should always be

drawn upon for information on

different aspects of life for use in

decision-making by other institu-

tions. The main implication of

this statement is that what we

need primarily is practical re-

search catering to our daily needs

and development objective.

Theoretical research is far too

luxurious to be given priority in

current phase of the region's de-

velopment in light of the ongoing

peace process. To wage wars,

governments often draw on their

military forces to achieve their

objectives; to engage in peace

undertakings requires the availa-bility of men in full mastery of the

arts of communication, negotia-

tions and diplomacy. Our

academic institutions seem to

hold a promising role in this area.

asked is that with our academic

institutions hibernating in their

self-manufactured shells, what

sort of catalyst needs to be intro-

duced to unleash their dormant

potential in the service of society?

The question that has yet to be

The second factor relates to the

our academic life.

Raising the issue of the

able education.

### **British society** in reflective, rebellious mood ahead of election

By Anne Senior Reuter

LONDON - Britain is taking a long, hard look at its timehonoured institutions — from parliament to the police - and finding it doesn't always like what

After more than a decade under the thrall of leader Margaret Thatcher, who preached pride in her country, some people in Britain are starting to voice doubts about the very traditions for which they are most famous The monarchy with all its pomp

and circumstance, the ermineclad peers of the House of lords and the much-vaunted "mother of parliaments" may all pull in the tourists but are they doing a good job for Britain?

Does the system serve the people or the powerbrokers?

An impending general election and the prospect of European union are focusing minds more sharply on Britain's power structure, long a source of pride but now attacked by some as undemocratic and out of date. The debate pits traditionalists

against reform groups and crusading elements of the media who are calling for sweeping changes including a written constitution and electoral reform. Opinion polls suggest the refor-

mists are winning support, although sceptics say intellectuals may be exaggerating the mood of

The finger of doubt is also pointing at other cornerstones of British society — police and the law — after a series of overturned verdicts showed the justice system which served as a model to many other countries can go badly wrong. The ultimate question is

whether the British would ever sacrifice parts of their heritage for an untried alternative. These are some of the issues:

A written constitution and a bill of rights.

Charter 88, a pressure group armed with more than 20,000 signatories, and civil rights group Liberty are calling for a written constitution to set limits on parliamentary power and a bill of rights to enshrine people's basic

The ruling Conservatives, led by Mrs. Thatcher's successor Prime Minister John Major, generally oppose such moves and say Britain's unwritten constitution — a combination of statute, convention and common law works fine as it is. Political analysts say the calls

to curb government power are partly a reaction to the Thatcher years. The "iron lady" implemented many radical policies virtually unchecked because of her large parliamentary majority. Bernard Crick, emeritus professor of politics at London University, set out the case for re-

form in Tuesday's Times newspaper, which is emerging as another forum for debate along with the Independent newspaper and the Economist magazine. We need a constitutional jurisdiction. Neither the machinery of

government nor the liberties of the subject should be the plaything of temporary, desperate and usually unpopular, and always unrepresentative parliamentary majorities," he wrote.

take power away from members

into question.



of parliament and give it to unclected judges.

Electoral reform

This has become a national issue again as the balance of power at the next election, due by July 1992, could lie with the Liberal Democrats, a minority party committed to introducing proportional representation.

Elections to the House of Commons, the Lower Chamber, have always been on a first-past-thepost principle where the winner in each local constituency is returned to parliament.

Critics charge this is too crude a form of democracy for a modern state because it concentrates power in dominant parties and vorks against inter-party consen-

As usual at election time, the future of the House of Lords is again in quest-in. The opposition Labour Party, now ahead in opinion polls, has promised to scrap the unelected Upper Chamber of Peers of the realm and senior clergy as an outmoded bastion of privilege.

The monarchy

Although Queen Elizabeth, Britain's head of state, is a popular symbol of national unity, the monarchy's place in modern society is being keenly disputed. A recent opinion poll found strong favour for the queen — but 22 per cent thought Britain did not need royalty and more than half thought it did not represent a good example of family life.

Assemblies for Scotland and Wales and the English regions

This is favoured by opposition parties but rejected by the gov-

The legal system

The government has ordered a #V review of the whole judicial sys-tem after long-standing convic-tions in cases of Irish guerrilla bombings, such as that of the Birmingham six" who spent 17 years in prison, were overeturned

as miscarriages of justice. The cases hinged on police interviews and forensic evidence, and the quashing of the convictions has called police integrity

Rising crime rates and urban riots have also contributed to a Opponents charge this could crisis of confidence in the British

THE RELI MCKING, AIR \*ORWARDING DOOR SERVE ELIVERIES . CEARANCE MO RESET

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### Reshuffle efforts turn more complex

(Continued from page 1)

go through a confidence vote then the regular session of Pariament reconvenes in early December (unless ten deputies move a motion to that effect), the signing of a petition in October by 49 deputies withdrawing confidence from the Masri government has underlined the need to mend fences between Parliament and the government before Parament reconvenes.

The petition carried the signa-tures of the 23-strong Muslim Brotherhood Bloc, the Constitution Bloc, independent Islamists and a few members of the Demo-

With the Mushim Brotherhood bloc, and three independent Islamists, taking an ideological stand in opposition to Arab-Israeli peace negotiations and the support of their stance by a few independents, many parliamentarians say that any government would have to deal with a basic formula which places around 35 parliament members in opposition to any government which would continue with the peace talks with Israel.

It was not clear what the next step would be, although the premier was reportedly losing patience with the different "unrealistic" conditions placed by the different parliamentary blocs approached by the premier.

The Democratic Bloc, according to sources, has placed conditions on the premier which would require "dropping the peace process with Israel, ignoring Interna-

tional Monetary Fund agreements with Jordan and allowing for wider public freedoms and democracy

According to a cabinet memnational debt."

Based on this (Jordan's) condi-

Several parliamentary sources contacted by the Jordan Times said Mr. Masri should not be dissuaded by the size of the epposition but rather he should capitalise on the 45 votes which remain for any prime minister who seeks a peaceful settlement of the Palestinian problem."

### Talk of peace curbs violence

sion. Gaza college lecturer Farouq Al Farra said: "This alleviation in the intifada's intensity is a public expression of giving peace a

Since the conference began on Oct. 30, attempted attacks on Israeli targets have fallen on average by 40 per cent in the West Bank where more than 100,000 Jews live in enciaves among a million Palestinians, the army

Troops imposed curfews to pre-empt violence in some places during the conference, especially in Gaza where Arab backers and opponents of the peace conference had fought.

Muslim fundamentalists and communists opposed to peace efforts have called for more anti-

Israeli violence. On the eve of the Madrid conference, two Israelis were shot dead by unknown assailants

ber, JANDA members "should know that the decision to participate in the peace process is one of the pillars of Jordan's foreign policy and they should understand that Jordan has to reach agreement with international lending agencies to reschedule its

tions are just another way of saying we want out," the minister

The Constitution Bloc, which has not yet presented any specific conditions for its participation beyond its demand for a broadbased government, may still reach agreement with the premier "if more contacts and discussion took place between us and the government," according to one of their sources.

These and other parliamentary sources say that although there is group opposition to the present ment in Parliament, individual deputies from all groups want the prime minister to stay in office and many of them are privately encouraging him to do

West Bank. Pro-Iranian guerril-(Continued from page 1) las have killed six soldiers and wounded 11 in Israel's self-

> zone." Last week two Palestinians stabbed and critically wounded

> declared Lebanon "security

their Israeli taxi driver. "We are aware that when talks extend over a long period of time there could be elements who lose

their patience and opt for violence," the army spokesman said. The next phase of Israeli-Palestinian talks is expected to start within two weeks though the

venue has not been fixed. Israel's Shin Bet secret police chief has defended his investigators against allegations they used torture to extract confessions

from Palesticians detained during Israel's Itim news service said the chief, whose identity is a state secret, was responding Sunday to allegations brought to Israel's one on security. He refused to high court of justice by the Public Committee Against Torture in

#### who opened fire on buses in the Israel. Palestinians working on self-rule

(Continued from page 1)

terms of substance and strategy are steps that would ensure the smooth running of this process creating the conditions that would lead to transitional arrangements that would support the creation of independent Palestinian institutions and a Palestinian infrastructure," Dr.

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She said the venue for the next round of bilateral talks with Israel, the second stage of the peace process, had still not been agreed but she confirmed that they would take place in the third

week of November. The talks will match Israel with three separate Arab teams — Syria, Lebanon and a joint

fordanian-Palestinian delegation. Dr. Ashrawi said lack of progress on one Arab track would not

delay any agreement on interim self-rule reached between Palestinians and Israelis.

Some Palestinians have voiced concern that Syria, which wants the Golan Heights back from Israel, might either cut a separate deal with the Jewish state or block peace efforts if it failed to achieve this. Dr. Ashrawi said the Arab

countries had to ensure "that we do not come up with unilateral agreements that would undermine each other's work."

. The delegations would coordinate strategies, she said. "All the Arab countries involved understand the need for a

transitional stage and they all support our need for conditions ... to end the Israeli occupation," Dr. Ashrawi said.

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## Palestinian refugees deplore lack of 'right of return'

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Politics is a way of life for the over 960,000 registered Palestinian refugees living in Jordan today. Never in their 43 years of existence as refugees has more anxiety been expressed about their future than now.

The only political parties that. call for the "liberation" of the villages, towns and cities that they were forced to flee in the 1947-48 conflict, are the so-called "radical" parties. Be they Islamist, nationalist, or socialist in political nuance, these parties carry very little weight with the Arab governments and the Palestinian leadership at the moment.

Although the 2.5 million Palestinian refugees are the

"core" of the Arab-Israeli conflict, their plight was almost ignored at last week's peace conference in Madrid. While they represent 50 per cent of the Palestinians in the diaspora, the political reality of the new world order did not allow for their issue to be given its due at the opening of the

"The right of return will never be ignored or forfeited.". said Palestinian delegate to the Madrid conference Ghassan Al Khatib. "But let us take one issue at a time. If there is to be peace between Palestinians and Israelis, then all these issues will have to be discussed, but that takes time and pati-

Some observers have already suggested that in an eventual "ideal" outcome of a

peace conference, Israeli settlers in the occupied territories will be allowed to stay where they are in return for the application of U.N. resolutions giving 1947-48 refugees the right of return.

But Palestinians who have been residing in refugee camps in Jordan for more than 40 years are not that optimistic.

"Even the PLO has accepted this peace with Israel without asking that we return as the No. I request," said Kifah, a 22-year-old engineer from the Baqa'a refugee camp north west of Amman.

"We were there before the Russians, before the Poles, before the Ethiopians, and yet no word of the right of return," reiterates Siham Al Jaouni, 43, a resident of Al Hussein refugee camp in the centre of

The issue most frequently raised by the '47-48 refugees is that the right of return has been guaranteed to them by international law and that Israel's law of return only allows for "Jews to return."

'And the U.S. government savs Zionism is not racism,' mocks 24-year-old Saeda, another resident of Al Hussein camp. The non-application of international law is not new for these Palestinian refugees; what is new is that the political stand of the Arab countries, and indeed the position of the Palestinian leadership, appears

to be changing. "The Arabs are always giving in and giving up; first it was our land and next I fear it will be our rights," says Kifah. While Kifah and most camp

struggle against Israel may be futile and that a negotiated peace may be the best way to proceed for the Palestinians, they fear that except for the "radical" groups, that have been sidelined by the Arab

their behalf. "The other day some U.N. persons spoke of 'compensation'. What do I want with compensation? They took my house, my land, my country. How do they think anyone can compensate for that," asked

regimes, no one speaks on

"The U.S. says it wants peace and at the same time has plans to give another \$10 bil-tion in aid to Israel. To do what? To settle the Soviets on my land," Siham says, showing that she knows what is going-

Siham, a mother of ten.

on on the Israeli-American front. "So why don't they want to resettle me on my land. Once they do that, maybe they can say that Israel is not a racist state."

While not all Palestinian re-fugees of 1947-48 have political leanings that would support a "radical" political group, the centrist parties seen to be los-

ing their popularity. "I used to go to a lot of political meetings, but no more. They all say the same thing, they have no solutions to my problems," says Saeda.
"Whatever happens, there is no military solution and the political solution has left us out in the cold. The Palestinian delegation did all it could with what it had to work with, but sooner or later our plight must

### NATO starts to think the unthinkable in post-cold war era

By Nicholas Doughty Reuter

ROME - NATO, trying to map out a new role now that it has lost its old enemies, is taking cautious steps towards changes that could transform the Western alliance or bring about its collapse.

Its Rome summit has brought suggestions that it should take on new East European members and play a wider military role — ideas that were all but taboo until recently and are still highly controversial.

The question is whether NATO, the world's only functioning military alliance now that the Warsaw Pact has been buried, can get agreement among all members that it should take on new responsibilities in building

European and global security. Such fundamental change will take a long time to find acceptance in a cautious, slow-moving organisation.

It will be impossible for us to force the pace on these issues," a NATO diplomat said. "We work" only through consensus. If that breaks, it could be the end of

Some members, notably the United States and Britain, say NATO will be thrown on the scrapheap of history if it does not

take on new responsibilities. Others, led by France, are cautious about new roles. They do not want NATO to become a sort of world police force or to dilute the alliance's power by extending membership.

There is no road map for the new world, no way to know what the next year, let alone the next century, will bring." U.S. President George Bush told Thursday's opening summit session.

"But our ability to cope with the future -- indeed to shape it -will be immeasurably greater if we walk out of here tomorrow with an alliance renewed."

The United States and Britain failed to convince other NATO members that alliance assets, such as bases and supplies, should be used to support U.N.-sponsored humanitarian operations or missions to uphold the international rule of law.

The alliance has a vast military machine at its disposal, but can only use it to defend the territory

they do not agree whether this should be allowed.

NATO was therefore not directly involved in the Gulf war. a U.N.-sponsored operation, and there was sharp criticism in the United States of European

effort. Another example of a crisis in which they can play no real part is close to hand - the civil war in Yugoslavia.

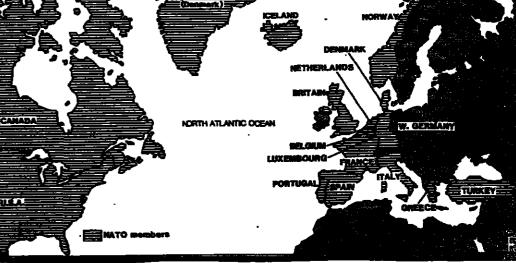
allies perceived as not doing

enough to support the military

NATO has argued for years over whether it should engage in so-called "out of area" operations, but the end of the cold war an increasing signs of instability from the Soviet Union to the Balkans have given the debate new impetus.

A new strategy approved by the leaders on Thursday identifies the new risks to Western security lying beyond the alliance's borders but makes clear NATO can only tackle a crisis with military force if it spills over into

The summit has agreed to offer its former enemies, including the Soviet Union, formal ties for the of its 16 member nations, since first time through a "cooperation



council" that will hold joint meetings of foreign ministers once a

officials are suggesting that this is simply the first step towards a long-term goal of membership for new democracies like Czechoslo-

vakia and Hungary. Until now, NATO has resisted

Iraq turns new page in relations

pressure from those countries to offer them security guarantees that might protect them from But U.S. and some NATO growing ethnic and nationalist unrest at home and in their vast Soviet neighbour.

Mr. Bush did not clearly endorse the idea of membership at the summit — but he came very

"We cannot welcome these nations to our world of values and vet hold them at arms length from our affairs," he said.

"For 40 years we said, even though your voices are silenced by tyranny, we hear you. Now that these voices are free, can we turn a deaf ear?"

#### Cairo meeting (Continued from page 1), ign Minister Amr Musa told Reu-

ters his country had presented its working papers, including the disclose its contents.

"This is a way of postponing the discussions," one delegate com-

In August, after Egypt had brought home most of its troops that helped drive Iraq out of Kuwait, Cairo released a version of the declaration it said had been approved by the foreign ministers in July 19 meeting in Kuwait. It said nothing of petrodollar

payments to Egypt and Syria or of their troops in the Gulf area being the backbone of an Arab security force, both features of the Damascus declaration revealed shortly after it was signed. On Monday, Mr. Musa said the meeting would consider "starting the implementation of the

Damascus declaration." Another controversial point that eventually must be agreed is whether non-Arab Iran should participate in future security arrangements. Some Gulf countries support an Iranian role, but Egypt and others are strongly

with U.N. arms inspectors By Andrew Hill

U.N. officials and Iraqi spokes-BAGHDAD — Iraq, hoping to end a U.N. trade embargo, is cooperating closely with U.N. inspectors scrapping its most lethal weapons only six weeks after a car park showdown which raised fears of a new armed conflict with Washington.

"We had good cooperation. We needed Iraq's cooperation and we got it," said Marius Van Zelm, head of a U.N. team which arrived just after the car park incident to catalogue Baghdad's arsenal of chemical weapons. The

team left this weekend. A 44-member team of U.N. nuclear inspectors camped four nights in a Baghdad car park in September until the Iraqi authorities let them leave with documents which the inspectors said

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proved Iraq was developing nuclear weapons.

men say Baghdad has turned the page on the incident in the hope that compliance with the searchand-destroy teams will hasten the end of U.N. trade shackles on its economy and allow it to sell crude

Iraqi government strategy appears to be to comply with resolutions of the Gulf war ceasefire on scrapping its weapons and at the same time to mobilise world opinion on the suffering

the embargo is causing.
It complains at the United Nations and any international meeting it attends that the sanctions are killing thousands of old and young because of shortages of drugs and food.

Baghdad apparently hopes this will head off pressure to make it

accept U.N. Resolution 706, which would allow it to sell limited quantities of oil to buy food and drugs but which would give the United Nations control of the revenue from such sales. "I don't see them accepting

706. It would give the U.N. almost total control of their resources, and Baghdad can't accept that," said one diplomat.
"Iraq will resist all it can."

Oil Minister Usama Al Hiti told Reuters last week," I believe we are implementing all U.N. resolutions such implementation, with good faith and cooperation with U.N. inspectors, shows the willingness of the Iraqi government to do its utmost.

"I feel strongly that the U.N. should now lift the embargo, as they have promised to do before. We know we have differences with some members of the Secur-

ity Council, but the embargo is a U.N. embargo, not a British or American one," he said.

Iraq says the United States, Britain and France are seeking to destroy Iraq by making it a virtual U.N. protectorate but that the U.N. membership as a whole would drop the sanctions if they knew what suffering they caused.

The watershed in Iraq's ties with the inspection teams appears to have been the car park crisis, during which the United States was said to be studying targets for air strikes.

Iraq admitted last month for the first time that it was carrying out research into the development of an atomic bomb, something it had until then angrily denied. But it still denies manufacturing the bombs themselves.

Another flashpoint was Iraq's

refusal to allow the U.N. teams to use helicopters for trips around the country. Iraq's Air Force has been grounded since the sanctions were imposed in August last

That is history. U.N. teams now routinely use the helicopters, flown by German crews based in Turkey, although Baghdad insists flight paths be cleared with its security first.

Van Zeim's team travelled by bus for the first half of its mission to Muthana, 130 kilometres northwest of Baghdad, because Iraqi security for undisclosed reasons would not allow it to fly

directly there in the helicopters. But it received clearance to use the aircraft for the second half of. its mission and a new U.N. nuclear inspection team, which arrived in Bagudad on Sunday, is expected to do the same.

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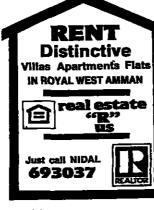
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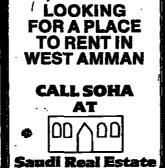






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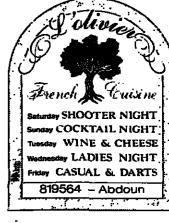
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### **England confident new boys** can produce right result

LONDON (R) — England manager Graham Taylor will launch one of his least experienced sides in his most important match, against Poland in Wednesday's decisive European Soccer Championship qualifier.

But Taylor still maintains his team, which he is delaying revealing in an attempt to create uncertainty in the Polish camp, will be seeking victory rather than merely the draw they require to qualify for next year's finals in Sweden. Taylor is expected to give debuts for Crystal Palace's Andy Gray and Andy Sinton in a five-

man midfield. While there has been widespread criticism of the mexperience of his squad which includes six uncapped players, Taylor said: "What I like about this

Garry Kasparov moved into the semifinals of the \$180,000 Speed-

Chess Masters Tournament Sun-

day with a hard-fought victory

over fellow Soviet Boris Gelfand.

vided one of the day's upsets by

ousting world number two

young Indian star Viswanathan

Anand who disposed of world

number three Valery Salov, in

Gelfand, a 36-move Sicilian de-

fence, turned to the 23-year old

Soviet's advantage after Gelfand

Rules at the tournament set a

knock-out formula of two fifty- game

Kasparov's first game against

But the sensation came from

Anatoly Karpov.

three minutes.

lost his queen.

hirthday.

Clement Mamarpa

180.93 points.

Dutchman Jan Timman pro-

Kasparov moves into

semis, Karpov defeated

PARIS (R) - World champion minute games, with a blitz tie-

squad is the freshness and eager- remember it," said Charlton. "It ness the new players have

"What is important is getting the shape and balance right. If that means people making their debut to get the balance right, then so be it.

Why should we imagine we can't go to Poland, whatever the team I select, and not get a result. Let's go for the win and if we can't get that a draw will do."

Ireland, who can qualify if they win in Turkey and Poland beat England, have been depleted by Manager Jack Charlton has lost

defenders Chris Morris, Andy Townsend and Denis Irwin and midfielders Roy Keane, Ray Houghton and John Sheridan. "The situation is as bad as I can

break in case of a draw.

ov on top after 75 moves.

Despise Gelfand's skills, the

Soviet Evgeny Bareev had no

problems beating in 51 moves

Nigel Short of Britain, runner-up

in last year's tournament, who

salvaged a draw in the second

Anatoly Karpov was defeated by

Dutch grandmaster Jan Timman

while world number three Valery

Salov suffered an even worse fate

at the hands of Indian prodigy

Anand humiliated Salov by

taking three minutes to rattle out

his 21 moves to victory in the first

Anand.

Egypt wins Bridge open

team championship

By Aleen Bannayan

Special to the Jordan Times

InterContinental Hotel was organised by the Jordan Bridge Association (JBA) on the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's

The players competed in three events: The open pairs, the mixed pairs and the open teams.

The team of Amr Askalani and Samih Khahi won the open pairs

event with 196.33 points. They were followed by the team of Waci

Wattar and Faisal Abu Hanoud with 188.03 points and the team of

In the mixed pairs event Yumna Sobra and Faisal Abu Himo

came in first followed by Amira Odeh and Samir Al Zein in second

place while Helen Fares and Moad Delah finished third.

The team of Amr Askalani, Samih Khaili, Mand Khouri and

Lily Khalil of Egypt won the Open teams event. Wael Wattar, Faisal Abu Hanoud, Mond Deiab and Helen Fares of Syria came in

second while To'meh Rahal, Samir Jaher, Jabbar Qaddoura and Alec Kirgy of Lebanon finished third.

hosts such a big number of players," Bahjat Al Majali, president of the JRA, told the Jordan Times.

tion was beautiful, and the participants were very pleased."

"We really hope this inter-Arab competition will be a begin towards the organising of an Arab Bridge Championship as part of the World Bridge Federation's regional championships," Mr.

During the course of the festival Egypt won an inter-Arab

competition held between the teams of Lebanon, Syria, Egypt and

At the prize giving ceremony held Sunday Mrs. Sama Nahas of Egypt on behalf of the president of the Asia and Middle East

Bridge Federation presented the federation pin to Mrs. Nawzad

Shaker for her efforts in promoting and supporting bridge in

Another JBA member, Ghassan Gha

"This is the first time the Amman International Bridge Festival

Earlier, ex-world champion

return game ended with Kaspar-

won't be easy but if we get the bit of luch we have lacked so far in this tournament we can still do

Goalkeeper Gianluca Pagliuca and AC Milan defenders Paolo Maldini and Franco Baresi are the only definite selections in Arrigo Sacchi's new-look Italian side for their European championship game against Norway.

Sacchi, the former AC Milan coach called in to revitalise the Italian team, is keeping his selection cards close to his chest for this, his first game in charge.
"Pagliuca, Baresi and Makimi

will definitely play against Nor-way but before deciding the rest of the side I want to have a closer look at everyone," he said. Scotland are counting on a mians on Nov. 20.

little luck to qualify from Group 2 where they face the possibility of needing to beat San Marino 10-0 if group leaders Switzerland draw their final game in Romania Wednesday.

Manager Andy Roxburgh said: "It's crazy to think in terms of a 10-goal win. I've not seen that amount of goals scored at youth level, never mind in a top level

"If you start off with that sort of target, players get so hyper-active that they don't achieve the target."

Scotland's best hope is for Romania to beat the Swiss 1-0, a result which would keep the group alive until the final tie between Bulgaria and the Roma-

### Navratilova upsets Seles in Slims of California

Martina Navratilova equalled Chris Evert's all-time professional record of 157 career titles by defeating Monica Seles of Yugoslavia 6-3, 3-6, 6-3 to win the \$350,000 Virginia Slims of California tennis tournament

Navratilova, who could break Evert's record in her last 1991 tournament in two weeks at the New York Championships, now has a 5-5 career record against

"This win is as satisfying as a Grand Slam title in many ways. When I came here before the tournament, I was in the emotional dumps. To beat Monica and equal the record of a great friend of mine tickles me pink," said the second-seeded Navratilova, who won \$70,000.

Navratilova won the match by playing aggressively and forcing Seles to pass her at the net. Navratilova won 73 of 124 points at the net and missed just one approach shot the entire match.

The aggressive, hard-hitting play of both Navratilova and the top-seeded Seles in other's ser-

Slam tournaments this year. "It's when you have to break Martina so many times."

Navratilova controlled the first

Seles, who won \$35,000. reversed those numbers in the second set by finding the mark with a higher number of her two-fisted passing shots and con-verting a higher percentage of

In the final set, Navratilova Spain's Real Madrid a 2-1 win shook off a questionable line call in the seventh game and broke Seles for a 5-2 lead. Cheered on by a partisan crowd, Navratilova closed out the match two games later when she scored the sixth service break of the set on a wide

OAKLAND, California (R) — of serve in 27 games. Still, the quality of tennis was exceptionally high and many points were won on outright winners in the one-hour and 42-minute match. "I felt my serve wasn't there

when I needed it. It hasn't let me down this badly before," said Seles, winner of three Grand very tough winning the match

set by attacking Seles's second serve and scoring three breaks of serve to one for Seles.

Sunday over first division newcomers Albacete and move the league leaders three points clear of neighbours Atletico Madrid. Butragueno's magic in the 43rd minute earned a spot kick which the 70th minute Butragueno Soviet squad.

made Real's second goal with a deep pass for Adolfo Aldana to run on to and score.

Marseille, Eintracht lead

despite European losses

MARSEILLE and Eintracht

Frankfurt hung on at the top of the French and German soccer

leagues at the weekend, despite

bitter disappointment in midweek

French champions Marseille,

smarting from their shock eli-

mination in the European Cup to

Sparta Prague, were relieved to

return from a difficult away match in Montpellier with a point

have to start all over again," Marseille Captain Jean-Pierre

Papin said. "We showed solidar-

ity out there. Our aim now is to

win the championship and have

Thursday in a top-of-the-table

Germany's Eintracht Frank-

furt, who played outstanding soc-

cer for the first three months of

the season, now appear to be

struggling and only kept their top

After losing in the UEFA Cup

last week at home to Belgium's

Ghent, Frankfurt's blushes were

saved Saturday by Ghanaian striker Anthony Yeboah's goal

Champions Kaiserslautern

shook off the disappointment of

losing in the European Cup to a last-minute Barcelona goal by

moving into second place behind

Frankfurt with a confident 3-0

Two moments of inspiration

from international striker Emilio

Butragueno were enough to give

seven minutes from time.

win over Hansa Rostock.

spot with a late equaliser at home

"After our little mishap, we

European competition.

after a goalless draw.

fun in the cup."

crunch match.

to Karlsruhe.

Barcelona coach Johan Cruvff breathed a sigh of relief after his struggling champions scored a 2-0 home win over Osasuna of Pamolona, which leaves them in seventh place seven points behind Real Madrid.

Both teams showed signs of last week's efforts in Europe.

"Osasuna paid for their efforts here," Crayff said. "And for the same reason our superiority did not show through as clearly as it should have."

Aiax Amsterdam trounced bottom-of-the-table VVV Venlo 4-0 for their first away victory of the season in the Dutch soccer first division Sunday.

The win kept Ajax five points behind leaders PSV Eindhoven, The leaders are chasing their fourth consecutive title but Monaco closed the gap to two points with a laboured 1-0 home who were lucky to bet Groningen 2-1 at home, although the Amsterdam side, who are fifth, have in over Nantes thanks to an own a game in hand over the chamgoal in the first haf by visiting defender Thierry Bonalair. Monaco and Marseille meet

Venlo never looked a match for an Ajax side full of confidence after knocking Germany's Rot-Weiss Erfurt out of the UEFA Cup last week with a 3-0 second-

Benfica struggled to beat lowly Famalicao 2-1 at home Sunday after their impressive midweek European Cup win over Arsenal. Lisbon rivals Sporting lost by the same score at Guimaraes. who stayed narrowly top of the Portuguese championship.

Benfica struggled against 10man Famalicao, who had Brazilian defender Evandro Tanta sent off after two cautions.

They opened the scoring in the sixth minute through Rui Costa but Yugoslav Kupresanin Dan equalised from a free-kick in the 54th minute.

Substitute Rui Aguas hit the winner in the 75th minute from a pass by Swede Mats Magnusson. Benfica were handicapped by the absence of Brazilian striker Isaias Soares, who scored twice against Arsenal. He is serving a four-match league suspension. Team mates Vasily Kulkov and Sergei Yuran wee on European Michel Gonzalez fired home. In championship duty with the

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY NOVEMBER 12, 1991

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Go along with the tide of events today rather than yielding to a desire to upset current conditions. P.M. is excellent for winding up matters of importance that have already been set in motion. Expand on all

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is the moment for you to nake a point to get all obligation of a material nature in perfect order, then tonight extend your

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You now need to carry through with whatever promises you have made in complete conscientiousness today and tonight you can be social and have a ball.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You feel you have so many limitations and restrictions that you do not know which way to turn today but tonight you can enjoy whatever means the most to you.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You have some friends who are not helping you at all to do the things that mean the most to you but don't judge them critically

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You now find that you have all kinds of temptations to take chances with your good name and your reputation but don't then tonight foray into world of action with confi-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Show that you do have it in

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation your power to avoid going off on any wild goose chase to new interests today but tonight you can go after that new goal.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Whatever you would like to do requiring some additional respon-sibilities should be studiously avoided today but tonight make

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem ber 21) Don't get involved in that argument and bassle with some partner which tempts you strongly today, then tonight you can easily work our differences of opinion. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Take some time out to show you do value the good will and active assistance you can get from some fellow associate without

looking into his motive,

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Now you feel determined to go after your own special hangup but wait until evening it hangup but wait until evening if you want truly satisfactory result to

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AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You can have a real donnybrook at your own residence it you take up any cudgel of discord but tonight relax and be happy beneath your own roof.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You feel you just have to have some release from all the worries that have been yours but not until evening are you able to really throughly enjoy yourself.



your smelly socks!"

#### AMMAN — The 10th annual Amman International Bridge vice games resulted in 13 breaks forehand from Seles. Festival concluded its activities Sunday after six days of competition in which 144 players from Egypt, Greece, Lebs mon, Syria and Chang wins 1st 1991 title Jordan competed. 'The festival, which was held at the Jordan

BIRMINGHAM, England (AP) first game of the match and didn't title of the year Sunday, beating unseeded Frenchman Guillaume Raoux 6-3, 6-2 to win a \$500,000 indoor tournament.

Raoux, 21, led 2-0 and 3-1 in the first set but Chang, the top seed and former French Open champion, rallied to win the

match in just 66 minutes. "I was surprised that he was ready to go the first point. Normally everyone takes about one and a half games just to get a feel for each others' game but he didn't do that at all," said Chang,

who won \$65,000.
"He definitely knew what he wanted to do and went out and

The American was so surprised that he dropped his service in the ment in France last year.

- Michael Chang won his first draw even until the sixth game. He broke Raoux again two games later and won the set after 39 minutes with a forehand crosscourt winner.

man's heavy groundstrokes, which had been finding the inside of the lines, began to stray. After winning the first game of

the set, he lost 14 consecutive points before winning the fifth game. That was his last success. Chang broke him again for a 5-2 lead, and took the title with a forehand down the line.

For Raoux it was the first time he had been in an ATP Tour final, although he had beaten Pete Sampras, then ranked No. 5, in the quarterfinals of a tourna-

### Slovenia, Baltics enter world ski federation

It also accepted the Baltic states of Estonia. Latvia and Lithuania, FIS General Secretary Gian Franco Kasper said.

"The FIS council decided unanimously to accept Slovenia as a separate member of our federation. It was a unanimous decision taken by the 19-member

"The Baltic states of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania and the Sudan were also accepted into membership."

Kasper was speaking after a

OBERHOFEN, Switzerland (R) Slovenia body would call itself - The International Ski Federa- the Slovenian Ski Association as tion (FIS) has became the first a separate organisation from the

> could take part in international competition immediately. Mr. Kasper said Croatia, which

declared its independence along with Slovenia in June and is fighting a civil war with the dominant Yugoslav Republic of Serbia, had so far made no request for separate status.

"In any case I would estimate that around 90 per cent of the top (Yugoslav) Alpine skiers are Slovenian," he said.

Mr. Kasper also noted that both Yugoslav resorts on the World Cup circuit were in Slovenia.

sports body to accept the break-Slovenia as a member.

council," Mr. Kasper said.

weekend of meetings and said the

### JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WURD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. LOMOB SYLOU **YAWTER** THE MORE PEOPLE HE KNOWS ---RETHOM Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sugnested by the above cartoon.

Answer here: THE HE HE

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: FEIGN CABLE NATURE BALLET Answer. He's the type of person you can always rely upon - - - TO BE UNRELIABLE

### The JBA's next activity will be a local championship due to be held in December at the JBA's new premises. **GOREN BRIDGE**

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Both vulnerable. North deals. NORTH. A 10 9 8 5 **+ 10 4** WEST EAST 4 K Q 10 8 **1**62 ↑K74 √J874 A A 9 6 2 SOUTH

The bidding: North East South West 1 Pass 2 NT Pass 3 NT Pass Pass Pass NT Pass Pass F Opening lead: King of •

of declarer play is the management of entries. Alert defenders can seize opportunities to sever communications between declarer and dummy and send seemingly impregnable contracts to Davy Jones' locker. With a perfectly balanced hand

and mostly soft values, South saw no reason to correct three no trump to four hearts. That was a shrewo assessment since, barring a defen-sive lapse, declarer would have to lose at least two spades, a club and a trump, with the possibility of a sec-ond club loser as well.

Against three no trump West got off to the unfortunate lead of the

GO FOR BROKE

king of spades. No problem, thought declarer, who won in hand and ran the queen of hearts. East holding off. When declarer continued with the jack of hearts, East took the king and shifted to a low club. Declarer played low, West won the queen and returned a club to East's ace. Now East simply returned a diamond, locking declarer in dummy. After cashing all the red-suit winners, declarer had to lead a spade from the table, and West repred the cutent and the state.

nem said: "The competi-

cored the queen and ten for a one-While the defenders did as well as they could, the same cannot be said of declarer's play. After the queen of hearts held, continuing with the jack was necessary only if West had begin with four hearts to the king. Let's suppose that South were to continue with a low heart to the eight. As the cards lie, East will have to win the king, and the jack becomes an entry to hand to lead a spade to the jack and ensure the

But let's imagine the worst and suppose that East shows out on the econd heart. After the eight wins declarer cashes the ace of hearts and ace-king of diamonds, then throws West on lead with a heart, endolay ing the defender. Although the defense may still prevail, depending on the distribution, this line is clearly superior to the one adopted at the

### **Peanuts**



WELL, DESCRIBE TO THEM HOW YOU FELT WHEN YOU SAW THE LEAF FALL FROM THE TREE





### **Andy Capp**





### **Mutt'n'Jeff**



### THE Daily Crossword by George Urquhart

10 Gaeho 14 "— jolly 16 Sieuth Charlie 17 Seed cover 18 Lying flat 19 Great deal 20 Baking item/Margaret Thatcher 28 Whodunit award 31 College building 32 Watercourse knack/hitchhike

40 So far 43 Tile mortar 44 Representative 45 Tel — 45 Tel — 47 Ran: s robe 49 Agape/magic words 56 Stable creature 57 Candle or nose 58 Cake layer 59 Therefore 60 Simular

3 Like 4 Gndiron

Valene Harper

13 Naval off. 21 Actor Chaney 22 Andean anim; 60 Similar 61 Dutch cheese 62 Ponce de — 27 Guitar neck 63 Turn aside

DOWN 1 GBS name 2 Wife of Zeus intermission 5 Jacket feature 6 Spring month 7 Anchor 8 Cartoonist Peti 9 Br. gun 10 Patisserie nem

34 Bee home 39 Erroll 43 — bible 44 Metric unit

ridge
28 Explode
29 Gr. township
30 Chatters
32 Fr. town
33 Commandae 35 Norse god 36 Animal hide 38 Boldness

50 Toward the

53 Verdi opera mouth 51 Warsaw native

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved

56 Tills or Torms

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Financial **Markets** 





Nav York Close	Tokyo Close
Date 8/11/1991	Date 11/11/1991
1.7647	1.7637
1.6465	1.6455
1.4535	1.4575
5.6295	5.6255 **
130.38	130.01
1_2425	1.2409 ***
	Close Date 8/11/1991 1.7647 1.6465 1.4535 5.6295

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irrocurrency Interest Ra	ites		Date:	11/11/199
Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	4.81	4.93	4.87	5.06
Sterling Pound	10.25	10.06	10.00	10.12
Deutsche Mark	. 8.93	9.18	9.18	9.25
Swiss Franc	7.50	7.87	7.81	7.81
French Franc	9.18	9.06	9.06	9.06
Japanese Yen	6.25	6.18	5.90	5.56
European Currency Unit	9.18	9.71	9.75	9.78
sterbank bid rates for amounts exc	eeding U.S. D	oliara 1,898,06	0 or equivaler	<u> </u>
Precious Metals •			Date:	11/11/1991

USD/Oz

JD/Gm

11/11/1001

USD/Oz JD/Gm<sup>2</sup> Metal

		. 11/11/17
Сигтенсу	Bid -	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6840	0.6860
Sterling Pound	1.2051	1.2111
Deutsche Mark	0.4147	0.4168
Swiss Franc	0.4694	0.4717
French Franc	0.1214	0.1220
Japanese Yen <sup>o</sup>	0.5257	0.5283
Dutch Guilder	0.3681	0.3699
Swedish Krona	0.1136	0.1142
Italian Lira*	0.0552	0.0555
Belgian Franc	0.02012	0.02022
Per 199	<del>- 1 1</del>	

Other Currencles	Date	Date: 11/11/1991	
Сагтевсу	Bid	Offer	
Bahrami Dinar	1.7850	1.7950	
Lebanese Lira*	0.07764	0.0780	
Saudi Riyal	0.1821	0.1831	
Kuwaiti Dinar			
Qatari Riyal	0.1855	0.1865	
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2100	
Omani Riyal	1.7510	1.7610	
UAE Dirham	0.1855	0.1865	
Greek Drackma <sup>2</sup>	0.3600	0.3770	
Cyprict Pound	1.4706	7.4880	

CAB Indices for Amman Financial Marke

Index	9/11/1991 Close	10/11/1991 Close
All-Share	124. 31	124 . 30
Banking Sector	104. 77	104. 84
Insurance Sector	125. 59	125. 81
Industry Sector	152. 97	153. <i>6</i> 9
Services Sector	133. 12	133. 96

### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1.7620/30 1.1285/90 1.6470/80 1.8570/80 1.4580/85 33.95/99 5.6275/6325 1238/1239 130.25/35

(Arabic)

Shows: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

6.0160/0210 6,4600/50 6.3890/3940

Danish crowns U.S. dollars

One ounce of gold 354.80/355.30

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U.S. dollars Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

### Mexico extends controversial wage, price control programme

MEXICO CITY (R) — The government slowed the devaluation of the peso, raised Mexico's minimum wage by 12 per cent and announced stiff energy price hikes Sunday as it extended a controversial wage and price control programme into a fifth year.

The measures were announced as part of a 14-month extension of the stability and economic growth pact (PECE), an anti-inflation programme in force since December 1987 when Mexico was plagued by triple-digit inflation.

The decision to cut the daily "crawling peg" devaluation of the peso against the U.S. dollar to 20 centavos or 0.006 cents a day from the current 40-centavo rate underscored growing confidence in the economy and public sector finances. Mexico's foreign reserves have doubled to around \$14 billion since 1989.

The government's decision to eliminate the two-tiered exchange rate system that allowed it to set a special "controlled rate" for exports was seen as another sign of confidence, in time with free-market reforms. The system had been in place since the Latin debt crisis erupted here in 1982.

The new exchange rate policy could help bring down high

domestic interest rates. But a recent survey by the independent private sector Centre for Econotnic Studies showed that over 54 per cent of Mexican businesses opposed reducing the peso's slide against the dollar, since it could adversely affect non-oil exports and add to a widening trade

Analysts said the new energy prices announced Sunday would help shore up public sector finances by slashing unnecessary subsidies and rising petrol import costs. The price hikes are sure to fuel year end inflation, however.

The increases include a 55 per cent hike in the price of leaded petrol and 25 per cent for unleaded. The government also announced a 15.3 per cent rise in the cost of electricity for residential consumers and said industrial rates, which some foreign businesses say are already unreasonably high, would increase by an average of 14.5 per cent.

The government said the terms under which the PECE was extended were agreed with union and industry leaders, but the 12 per cent minimum wage increase sure to draw worker protests.

Real wages in Mexico have shrunk by around 60 per cent

since 1982 and Sunday's 12 per cent wage bike does little to beli wage earners cut their losses. Th increase fails to match inflation of 13.3 per cent for the first 10 months of 1991 announced just last week by the Banco de Mex-

Inflation last year was 30 per cent and the minimum wage rose just 18 per cent. With Sunday's increase of about 45 cents - less than the cost of a litre of milk minimum wage earners will now take home around \$4.25 a day.

For Mexico's impoverished majority the only good news in Sunday's package of economic res was that the government had decided to cut the domestic value added tax to 10 per cent from a current high of 20 per

In a brief speech announcing the extension of the PECE, President Carlos Salinas said it would "give solidity and firmness to our economy" while protecting the interests of workers, peasants and businessmen alike.

As a Mexican banker noted however, "the poor and minimum wage earners are paying more than anyone else for Mexico's economic recovery."

## Rabat to spend more on defence, education and health next year

RABAT (R) — Morocco plans big increases in spending on de-fence, education, health and housing next year, budget estimates presented to parliament

Defence spending is set to increase by 13.7 per cent from 8.8 billion dirhams (\$1 billion) this year to 10 billion dirhams (\$1.16 billion) next year, according to a copy of the estimates obtained by

The figures include the payroll and running expenses for the 204,000-strong royal armed forces and new capital invest-ments of 1.4 billion dirhams (\$162 million).

Diplomatic sources say Morocco has contracted to buy two large Sikorsky helicopters for \$28 million and is considering buying 25 used F-16 fighters from the United States.

Morocco has spent heavily on

defence in the last 15 years since Polisario guerrillas began fighting for the independence of the former Spanish colony of Western

The budget draft, presented by Finance Minister Mohammad Berrada, shows a rise of nearly 21 per cent in spending on education, where there have been protests, this year against poor facilities, to 1.6 billion dirhams (\$186 mil-

The health services, whose staff staged a nation-wide strike recently in protest against lack of funding and facilities, will get 552 million dirhams (\$64 million), a rise of more than 25 per cent, after a 30 per cent rise in 1991.

Spending on new housing will rise by 183 per cent to 283 million dirhams (\$33 million) as part of a nine billion dirham (\$1 billion) medium-term building program-

The draft puts the cost of foreign debt servicing next year at 15.5 billion dirhams (\$1.8 billion), down by nearly 13 per cent on this year.

Morocco's foreign debt was estimated by the World Bank at \$22 billion in 1988 but the burden has been lightened by rescheduling. The budget authorises the government to borrow up to 15.7 billion dirhams (\$1.82 billion)

abroad next year. Total budget spending in 1992 is 86.4 billion dirhams (\$10 billion), an increase of 5.5 per cent, leaving a deficit of 1.45 billion dirhams (\$168 million).

Revenue from direct taxes is expected to rise by 23.8 per cent, customs dues by 24.3 per cent and indirect taxes by 15.3 per cent, and the deficit will be cut from 1.6 billion dirhams (\$186 million)

### Cubans face sharp salary cuts

HAVANA (R) — Cuba has ordered companies to try to scale back their working hours in a fresh economic belt-tightening measure that could slash many workers' salaries by nearly a

The policy, announced by the Cuban news agency Prensa Latina, aims to reduce operating hours at factories and companies hurt by Cuba's economic crisis in order to save on the subsidised meals the communist state offers its workers.

Workers are guaranteed their jobs and at least 70 per cent of their base salary even if they work less than the customary eight-hour workday, the news agency said.

Workers earning 100 pesos a month (about \$100 at official exchange rates) will receive their will full salary "even in the event of closures of businesses and factories for lack of raw materials,"

The new policy underscores the economic difficulties besetting Cuba, which is receiving erratic ssistance from its main supplier, the Soviet Union.

Prensa Latina said the new policy was two-pronged: "One concentrate efforts and resources on those areas of maximum priority. The other is to restrict — in an organised and equitable manner — the population's consumption, as well as economic activity in certain

Cuba blames part of its economic troubles on a 30-year-old U.S. trade and economic embargo. It has mounted a campaign at tically every item one can buy, the United Nations, pressing for a resolution calling for a lifting of gas to shoes.

1.04 per cent to 24,232.99.

16.90 points to 1,491.42.

But the heaviest blow has been the political upheaval in the former Soviet Bloc, which had provided Cuba with four-fifths of its external commerce. Cuba is now actively seeking to strengthen its commercial links with western Europe and its neighbours in

Latin America. Widespread food shortages, official rationing of virtually everything you can buy and a flourishing but inflationary black market are testing the patience and squeezing the pockets of ordinary Cubans.

Unlike many Third World countries such as neighbouring Haiti, there is no real hunger or rock-bottom poverty visible on the communist-ruled Caribbean And the nation's more than 10

million people still have access to a free, high-standard health and education system that is the envy of most developing nations. But a combination of a con-

tinuing U.S. trade embargo, dwindling supplies from the Soviet Union and domestic industries which do not satisfy demand make filling the family food basket a time-consuming and frustrating chore for most Cuban

"Getting by," conveyed by the Cuban expression "resolver," the name of the game across the

A sharp fall-off in imports from traditional ally the Soviet Union has forced the communist government to extend the existing rationing system to include prac-

#### Under austerity measures, the state-run stores known as "bodegas" are currently the only legal

population.

But as a popular joke illustrates, monthly cheap, subsidised supplies of rice, meat, beans, sugar and other bodeg items through the "libreta" (ration book) simply do not adequately cover a family's needs for four

outlet for basic provisions to the

The joke goes: "What do you call the bodega supplies? the Americans. Why? because they keep threatening to come but never do."

Invoking the official perception of the constant threat of a U.S. invasion, the joke is an example of the mordant humour with which the average Cuban confronts daily hardships.

Bodega supplies which have not arrived for up to two months are soap, detergent and cooking oil or fat, currently the most coveted items on the island. Some families wash clothes and dishes with toothpaste mixed with

The authorities say the rationing system is the only way to resources.

But ironically, the extended rationing system and gradual shut-down of state markets selling non-rationed items has fuelled a flourishing black market that has all the characteristics of a capitalist-style free market.

There is only one real market, the black one," one housewife said. "The bodega is where the shortages are, people try to get the rest on the street."

The black market can provide everything from car parts to avo-cados but at spiralling prices which make ordinary Cubans, used to cheap, subsidised official prices, gasp with outrage.
A bar of soap, worth 15 cents

at the bodega, goes for eight pesos "on the street". A whole chicken, 70 cents a pound officially, sells for 25 pesos or more on the black market, a sixth of an average workers monthly wage of 150 pesos. Black market shoes or trousers can sell for 200 pesos or

The official exchange rate is 1.3 pesos per dollar but you can get more than 15 pesos for a dollar "on the street" from hustlers.

Where do the street supplies come from?" It's all...," says one Cuban, swiping with his hand to indicate stealing.

### Jordan imports increase

### **Bad times boiling** for tea industry in Sri Lanka

COLOMBO (Agencies) — Failing tea prices and poor exports are threatening to edge Sri Lanka out of its position as the world's largest tea exporter, a leading tea broker said Monday.

Tea prices fell during the last few months after the Soviet Union and Middle Eastern countries stayed away from the local tea auctions, said Rohan Iddawela, an executive at Forbes and Walker Ltd., a major tea brokerage

Tea exports during the first three quarters this year fetched 13.3 billion rupees (\$300 million), which is 1.5 billion rupees (\$30 million) less than for the same period in 1990, he said in a telephone interview.

Sri Lanka exported 161.2 million kilogrammes of tea during that period last year, but is 57 million kilogrammes short of that figure this year. Egypt, which was Sri Lanka's

largest tea buyer in 1990, was edged out by Jordan, which hiked irchase sixtoid to 23.5 million kilogrammes and was followed by Iran, which bought nearly the same amount, Mr. Iddawela said.

Iraq was Sri Lanka's secondlargest tea buyer before the Gulf war, but pulled out of the auctions last month after it was left with tea it had stocked fearing a

long war.
"Iraq cannot afford to buy tea from us at the same level as prior to the war," said a tea board official who spoke on condition of anonymity. "Iraq's absence is one of the main reasons for the de-

pressed prices." The Soviet Union, another major buyer of Sri Lankan tea, switched to Indonesia after being offered easy payment terms, Mr. Iddawela said.

"If these two buyers come back to the auctions, that would certainly give prices a boost," the tea board official said.

Last month, the tea market was on the verge of collapse with the orice of a kilogramme of tea down to rupees 50.15 (\$1.22) from 63.74 rupees (\$1.55) in

in 1990 Sri Lanka exported 215.6 million kilogrammes of teato beat India and become the world's exporter tea seller. India exported 199 million kilogram-

mes of tea last year. Sri Lanka's total earnings from tea exports stood at more than \$520 million last year. Tea has long been the country's largest foreign exchange earner, bringing in about \$500 million a

Meanwhile, Sri Lankan officials will give high priority to defence in the 1992 budget to be presented in parliament this

week, but only grudgingly, offi-cial sources said Monday. "We would have hoped for a cut in defence spending because it is eating into the country's meagre resources. But we have no choice since the army has to fight a war," a senior treasury official said.

Government expenditure is projected at 156.6 billion rupees (\$3.7 billion) up from 139 billion rupees (\$3.3 billion) in 1991.

Revenue is set at 87 billion rupees (\$2 billion), up from 72 billion rupees (\$1.7 billion), leaving an estimated deficit of 69.6 billion rupees (\$1.6 billion), up from the 1991 estimate of 67 billion rupees (\$1.5 billion).

Next year, as in previous years, at least 10 per cent of the budget will go to defence spending, official sources said.

Defence spending for 1992 would be 15.3 billion rupees (\$364 million) against a 1991 budget estimate of 11.7 billion rupees (\$278 million).
The treasury official, who de-

clined to be named, said that defence spending this year had overtaken the budget estimate because of increased fighting with Tamils in troubled areas.

"We had to give another four billion rupees (\$95 million) for defence this year. Maybe the same request for more funds will come from the army next year if there is no early end to the war." he said.

"It is a tragedy that a lot of local resources are channelled for defence. Otherwise all these funds could have been used for development," the official said. The treasury official said that

defence, unlike other budget items, does not rely on foreign

### **Red** ink **blotches Egyptair**

CAIRO (R) - Higher fuel and insurance costs during the Gulf crisis meant Egypt's national carrier Egyptair made a small loss in the year to June, its financial director said Monday.

"We went into the red but not very much," Mahmond Al Seirafi told Reuters. He declined to give precise

figures but said press reports putting operating losses at 800 million Egyptian pounds (\$240 million) were exaggerated. In the year to June 1990, the

firm made profits of about 80 million pounds (\$24 million) on turnover of 1.5 billion pounds (\$500 million), he said. Egyptair lost two major routes to Baghdad and Kuwait after Iraq

invaded the emirate in August last year. Up to a million Egyptians worked in Iraq before the Gulf crisis and nearly 200,000 in

### Report says **BCCI** stole over \$2 b from UAE president

Credit and Commerce International (BCCI) diverted more than \$2 billion from the personal account of the ruler of Abu Dhabi, according to sources quoted by the Financial Times Monday.

The newspaper said the ruler,-Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, was a close friend of bank president Agha Hasan Abedi and is believed to have entrusted him with his share of Abu Dhabi's oil revenues in the early

1980s. The Financial Times quoted one unidentified investigator of the bank as saying the final figure might be as high as \$2.5 billion.

The Financial Times said the emirate's oil revenues were placed in the National Bank of Abu Dhabi and from there, the ruler's share was transferred into accounts at ICIC, an offshoot of the BCCI group in the Cayman

### FOR SALE

1989 4x4 Chevrolet "S-10" Blazer, colour gold/white stripe, 20,000 km. Selling price: JD 11,000.

Tel. 827275 (4-8 p.m.)

#### **FURNISHED STUDIO FOR RENT**

Telephone, central heating, water and electricity. Private For information call 821916, Amman.

### Car For Sale (Duty Free)

Mercedes Benz 230-E, model 1990, arctic white, standard shift with 20 options including: AC, electric sunroof, electric windows, auto theft alarm, master locking, tinted glasses, digital stereo radio/cassette, lighted visor mirrors, protective sump shield, extra reading lights, exit

Call 826171 ext. 335 (8 a.m. - 3 p.m.) and 656095 after 3:30 p.m. today only.

#### Tel: 677420 Cinema

Adel Imam SHAMS AL ZANATI

CONCORD



**SOMERSAULT TIME PLAY** 

Starring 'Abu Awwad Family' After the great success it achieved

Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

Tel: 675571

continues its shows daily at 8:30 p.m. Please buy your tickets in advance

Tel: 634144 PHILADELPHIA

**WORLD STOCK MARKETS** 

TOKYO - Stocks closed sharply down after early futures-linked

selling hit prices and investors remained on the sidelines boping

for a possible discount rate cut. The Nikkei average fell 253.50 or

SYDNEY — Shares closed slightly lower in a lacklustre market,

with investors showing little interest in buying. The All Ordinaries Index ended at 1,693.1, down 3.2 points.

HONG KONG — Stocks ended modestly weaker after profit-

taking eroded early robust buying. The blue-chip Hang Seng Index closed down 5.73 at 4,230.91.

SINGAPORE —Share prices surged across the board helped by foreign fund managers' buying. The Straits Times index jumped

BOMBAY — Fertiliser shares were bullish on heavy speculative buying but other stocks remained weak, undermined by fears of payment difficulties. The BSE Index fell 14.48 points to 1,895.53 The National Index fell 5.08 to 894.61.

A Steven Spielberg Masterpiece **GREMLINS "2"** 

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Tel: 625155 RAINBOW

**SNAKE EATER** 

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

WANTED

A Sri Lankan or Filipina maid to work for a four-member family with no children. Call tel: 815168 from 9 a.m. until 2 p.m.

for four days.

WANTED

German speaking secretary required. Please call 654301

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### EC monitors to quit Dubrovnik

ZAGREB (Agencies) — The European Community will pull its monitors out of the Adriatic port of Dubrovnik as soon as possible because it is too dangerous to stay there, an EC spokesman said Monday.

"We are concerned about their safety. We plan to withdraw them at the first possible opportunity," EC mission spokesman Ed Koestal told reporters in the Croatian

capital Zagreb.
"We are talking to the Yugoslav army about arranging a partial ceasefire so that we can get them out. We do not know when we will be able to do this," Mr. Koestal said.

The Hotel Argentina where the six EC monitors are staying was hit directly Sunday when the Serb-led armed forces bombarded Dubrovnik with heavy artillery from land and sea.

Fighting continued Monday when navy gunboats attacked from the sea and artillery fire rained down from nearby hills. The Yugoslav army has bombarded Dubrovnik daily since Croatian forces trapped inside with about 50,000 residents ignored an ultimatum to surrender their weapons last Thursday.

"Naval anti-aircraft guns have fired directly into the city and the

State James Baker exhorted

Japan Monday to lead, rather

than follow, in opening up world markets and expanding its global

He said Japan should make

proposals to help conclude inter-

national trade talks and expand

its involvement in global affairs

from an emphasis on "checkbook diplomacy" to a wider role, in-

cluding promotion of democracy

"Japan should step forward as

a leader in confronting global

issues rather than relying on

to justify decisions on economics

or security affairs that are in its

own interests," he said in a

speech prepared for Japanese

first visit to Tokyo since 1989 to

tement the post-cold war U.S.-

Japan alliance, as he and Presi-

dent George Bush joined with NATO leaders last week to chart

parliamentary support Monday

for his plan to send Japanese

troops on peacekeeping missions overseas for the first time since

Koshiro Ishida, head of the

Buddhist-backed Komeito Party,

promised backing for the bills

which would authorise a

Komeito's support assured the

new premier of a majority vote in

both houses of parliament. Fore-

ign Ministry officials said they

expected the bills to be passed by

The officials said Japan would

be staking its diplomatic reputa-

tion on the bills. Tokyo wants to

send troops to Cambodia as soon

as possible to join a huge United

SEOUL (AP) — South Korean

and North Korean officials met

Monday to discuss proposals to

limit the spread of nuclear

weapons on the divided peninsu-

la, but failed to narrow differ-

It was the first time the hostile

states had discussed the issue of

nuclear weapons since South Ko-

rean President Roh Tae-Woo, in

a nationally televised speech last

week, said South Korea would

not produce, possess or deploy

Buclear weapons on its soil and

challenged North Korea to re-

ciprocate by stopping nuclear

Both Koreas agreed to keep details of Monday's nuclear talks secret, said a knowledgeable gov-

ernment source, who spoke on

condition of anonymity.

Mr. Roh's declaration was part

of escalating international efforts

to force North Korea to open its

auclear facilities to outside in-

spection. The hardline Commun-

et state is reportedly nearing the

capability to produce nuclear

and... the North Koreans repe-ated their earlier position," the

"The nuclear issue came up

source said, commenting on the ju Chosun said.

weapons.

ences, a source said.

the end of the year.

World War II.

send troops abroad

TOKYO (R) - Prime Minister moving in after the signing of a

peacekeepiong role for about military to settle international 2,000 of the 160,000-strong army.

Nations peacekeeping operation bills were unconstitutional.

Koreas meet but fail to reduce

differences over nuclear issue

weekend.

Kiichi Miyazawa won decisive peace pact last month.

Mr. Baker intends to use his

political and business leaders.

'gaiatsu' — foreign pressures

diplomatic role.

and human rights.

Koestal said. "The hill behind the poised to take the besieged east-

He said the hotel itself had not come under direct attack on Monday although it was hit Sunday and a British journalist was shot in the leg.

"Our teams have come out of their shelters but they are trapped inside the hotel. It is too danger-ous to move," he said. The monitors saw snipers fire

at Red Cross vehicles in the town (from areas held by the army). The fact that they fired at ambulances is unbelievable, it is as if there was no such thing as the Geneva Conventions." Dubrovnik has been under

army siege for 42 days and a naval blockade was reimposed at the weekend. Supplies of food and water are running low.

More than 200 EC monitors

are in Croatia but the areas they are prepared to visit are shrinking as fighting worsens.

Only one monitor has so far been wounded but several teams have had narrow escapes. An EC driver was hurt last week in an apparent attack by army jets on a hotel housing monitors in eastern

The Serb-led Yugoslav military renewed its attack Monday on

alliance now that the military

threat from the Soviet Union has

He is also expected to try to

smooth the feelings of his hosts, who were miffed when Mr. Bush

postponed a late November trip

to Japan because of complaints

he was ignoring domestic affairs.

Critics charge the administra-tion with neglecting Asia, but Mr. Baker told the Japanese In-

stitute for International Affairs:

the United States is fully commit-

ted to working with Japan and

others in the region to shape a

new era in world affairs and a

Japan is our most important bi-

lateral association in the world.

Reiterating many of the ideas

contained in an article he wrote

for the latest issue of Foreign

Affairs magazine, he said he

would explore on his nine-day

The first Australian forces ar-

Mr. Miyazawa denied charges

by opposition Socialist Party

Chairman Makoto Tanabe that

the bills violated the U.S.-drafted

"peace" constitution. This bans

"The bills do not run counter

the government from using the

to the constitution," Mr.Miyaza-

wa told the opening session of the

constitutional idea of internation-

al cooperation. I ask you to enact

this bill as soon as possible."

In a newspaper survey pub-lished Sunday, more than half of

those polled said they thought the

border meeting Monday.
North Korea has issued a list of

combination for opening its nuc-

lear facilities, including inspec-tions of U.S. bases in South

truce village of Panmunjonm was

called to prepare a draft agree-

ment on rapprochement for a

fifth round of talks between the

two Koreas' prime ministers in

The source said the nuclear

issue also was discussed and was

expected to be discussed further

at the next border meeting, sche-

Roh's declaration, North Korea

Sunday accused South Korea of

engaging in verbal "sleight of

hand" by avoiding mention of

U.S. nuclear weapons kept in the

truly want to get the danger of a

nuclear war removed from the

peninsula, they must not resert to

sleight of hand but make efforts

for the withdrawal of the U.S.

nuclear weapons," the North Ko-

rean government newspaper Min-

"If the South Korean rulers

In its first comment on Mr.

Seoul in December.

duled for Friday.

"Rather, it goes along with the

lower house of parliament.

rived in Cambodia at the

Miyazawa wins support to | Far-right

"America's relationship with

new order in Asia.'

bar none," he said.

"I want to leave no doubt that

a future course for the Atlantic Asian trip the possibility of a

Baker urges Japan to lead,

not follow, on world affairs

Hotel Argentina has been taken ern Croatian city of Vukovar.

Over by the army."

Dubrovnik, under siege since Dubrovnik, under siege since

Oct. 1, came under fierce ground and sea attack just before 7:00 a.m. (0600 GMT), Croatian radio and the European Community

As they have throughout the 41/2 month war, Croatian radio and Radio Belgrade gave widely varying casualty figures from battles around the city

Croatian radio said five people were killed and many wounded, while Radio Belgrade said 30 Croats were killed. The reports could not be immediately veri-

Croatian radio said about 17 hotels were hit, including those housing thousands of refugees from surrounding areas which have already fallen to the Serbdominated army and been re-duced from a beautiful riviera into shelled and torched waste-

Meanwhile, federal troops began leaving the northern port of Rijeka under an agreement bro-kered by EC monitors Saturday. The first tanks were being loaded on to hoats, radio said. The Rijeka Corps must depart the port by Dec. 10.

Local officials reached by tele-

reginal initiative to ease tensions

Modelled after the multilateral

effort that settled the Cambodian

civil war, this would involve the

United States, the Soviet Union,

China, Japan, North Korea and

In a change from the past, when the United States tried to

keep the Soviet Union from play-

ing a role in Asia," Mr. Baker

argued that "we should engage

the Soviet Union and Russia in

He delivered his speech after

talks with new Foreign Minister

Michio Watanabe and before

meeting the country's new Prime

A senior U.S. official who

briefed reporters on condition of

anonymity said the United States

in recent days had made propos-

als to reduce trade frictions with

Japan. He gave no details but

said Tokyo had agreed to consid-

gains shake

VIENNA (R) — Austria's right-wing Freedom Party (FPO), rid-

ing a wave of anti-immigration

tion triumph in three months

when it became the second

strongest party in Socialist-

Final resuts of the Vienna

municipal elections showed the

dominated Vienna Sunday.

ntiment, scored its third elec-

**Socialist** 

power in

Vienna

Minister, Kiichi Miyazawa.

on the Korean peninsula.

South Korea.

phone in Vukovar refused to give any information and the Croatian Defence Ministry in Zagreb said it also had no news from that

Vukovar, located on the Croatian side of the Danube River boundary with Serbia, has so far blocked army efforts to seize absolute control over a large piece of eastern Croatia.

Its resistance has become a rallying symbol for the breakaway republic in its undeclared war with Serb forces.

Observers said the army is de termined to overcome the city's stubborn resistance to preserve its own prestige. Federal forces, criticised by Serbian leaders for failing to seize Vukovar, appeared poised to take the rayiged town.

Federal troops battled Croatian defenders street by street for Vukovar Sunday. Belgrade media said federal troops captured a strategic hill only 100 metres away from the town cen-

Reports from Serbia and Croatia said the town's defences were near collapse under attack from the army's heavy weapons. At least 25 people were reported seriously wounded in what was described as a tank and infantry

52 die in

S. African

mine war

JOHANNESBURG (R) - At

least 52 miners were killed at a

South African gold mine over the

weekend in the worst outbreak of

fighting between black factions

Fighting between rival factions

broke out Friday and again Sun-day at the President Steyn Mine

near the Orange Free State town

of Welkom, south of Johannes-

About 70 miners have now

been reported killed since fight-

ing erupted at the complex a

week ago on the eve of a national

strike called by anti-apartheid

At least 180 workers have been

wounded in battles between men

wielding axes, spears and clubs.

of South Africa sealed off its

mine to reporters and the situa-

tion behind its steel gates and

killed Sunday, but later revised

the death toll to 54 for the entire

weekend. Anglo said 52 had died

since Friday.
"This is the worst clash this

year... there could be more

bodies out there and there are

many badly injured people in

hospital," said police spokesman

More than 3,000 blacks have

died in factional fighting across

the country in the past 15 months.

President F.W. de Klerk last

week threatened "further steps...

entailing serious implications" if

political violence did not cease.

He did not elaborate but political

analysts speculated Monday that

fences was not clear.

Burger Van Rooyen.

Police said initially

Anglo American Corporation

this year, police and manage-ment said Monday.

Norodom Sihanouk

### Sihanouk to be escorted back to **Cambodia**

PHNOM PENH (R) — Phnom Penh Prime Minister Hun Sen left for Peking Monday to escort home to Cambodia former monarch and guerrilla chief Prince Norodom Sihanouk from 13 years in exile.

The 40-year-old premier, who lost an eye while fighting as a youthful Khmer Rouge commander, smiled broadly as he moved down a long line of officials who came to see him off on his historic

He chatted amiably with many of his older colleagues, grisled veterans of 20 years of war and political turmoil in this tiny country between Vietnam and Thai-

Twenty minutes after he flew off in a Russian-made Kampuchean Airlines plane, envoys from the United States and Britain arrived at Phnom Penh's airport to mark the Oct. 23 peace treaty signed by Cambodia's four warring factions.

"We believe the comprehensive settlement agreement offers the most realistic way to bring peace to Cambodia, give the Cambodian people the chance to choose their own government and build safeguards against the vio-lence of the past," said Charles Twining, head of the U.S. mission in Cambodia.

British special representative David Burns expressed confidence that the Paris treaty, backed up by U.N. peacekeeping forces, could mean an end to war in Cambodia.

Both men will present their diplomatic credentials to Sihanouk after he returns to Phnom Penh on Nov. 14 as head of the Supreme National Council (SNC), a reconciliation body made up of the Vietnam-installed Phnom Penh government, the Khmer Rouge and two smaller guerrilla factions.

Twining said the American mission would be upgraded to an embassy after U.N.-supervised elections select a national govern-

The Western envoys arrived a day after the first U.N. peacekeeping forces marched off two C-130 transport planes to spearhead a U.N. operation expected to last two years, cost \$2 billion and involve 12,000 people.

The Australian soldiers will build a communications network

### Russia to seek political solution to Chechen dispute

solution to the crisis in the secessionist southern enclave of Chechen-Ingushetia, renouncing an earlier presidential declaration of emergency rule. Russian President Boris Yelt-

sin, who ordered the emergency rule, was not present when mem bers of the Russian Supreme Soviet voted 126 to 21, adopting the resolution in principle. Under legislative rules, law

makers will begin discussing each

of the resolution's four points

separately, meaning the basic thrust of the document could be changed by the end of the day. Chechen-Ingushetia's week-old independence declaration is Mr. Yeltsin's first major separatist challenge, presenting him with the same dilemma Soviet Presi-

dent Mikhail Gorbachev faces on

a national level by republics

wanting to leave the union. Mr. Yeltsin responded toughly, declaring emergency rule in Chechen-Inguishetia Friday and vowing to prevent the break-up of his republic.

Russian authorities also earlier issued an arrest warrant for the newly elected Chechen-Ingush president, retired Soviet army General Dzhokar Dudayev. But Mr. Yeltsin's representative in Grozny, the region's capital, re-

MOSCOW (AP) — The Russian legislature Monday passed resolution calling for a political Supporters of Gen. Dudayer Supporters of Gen. Dudayer Supporters of Gen. Dudayer Supporters of Gen. Supporters of Gen. Dudayev Sunday forced the retreat of nearly 1,000 troops sent in a day earlier to enforce emergency rule, the first blow to Mr. Yeltsin's hardline response.

On Monday, the second day of a special debate on the crisis, Russian lawmakers searched for a peaceful solution.

"Despite the correctness of the decree of the president of the Russian Federation in declaring an emergency situation in the Chechen-Ingush Republic, we think it's necessary in the current situation to solve the crisis arising in the republic, not by using extraordinary measures but by political means," the resolution

Presiding over Monday's legislative session was Supreme Soviet Chairman Ruslan Kahsbulatov, an ethnic Chechen. During Sunday's heated debate, Mr. Khasbulatov called Gen. Dudayev and his advisers "a group of bandits."

Gen. Dudayev has led the drive by nationalist Chechens to break free of Russian control. His mainly Muslim autonomous region of 1.3 million people, 1,400 kilometres southeast of Moscow, declared independence a week ago, expressing fears of Russian

### Mitterrand announces constitutional reforms

PARIS (R) - President Francois leadership of General Charles de Mitterrand, whose 10-year grip on French politics recently succession of weak post-war govseemed to be slipping, has played a constitutional trump card.

In a bold attempt to recapture the political initiative and split proportional representation into the right-wing opposition, the Socialist president announced parliamentary election — a move Sunday he would call a referen- which might make it easier for the dum on a major reform of France's institutions next year. Among the measures he prop-

osed were cutting the presidential term of office from seven to five years, allowing parliament to initiate legislation, now a government prerogative, and giving employment began to bear fruit. aggrieved citizens direct access to the Constitutional Court.

First reactions indicated some cians, many of whom have proposed constitutional changes in the hope of unseating Mr. Mitterrand before his term ends.

Mr. Mitterrand, who turned 75 last month, also hinted he might quit before his second term of referendum, a tactic which allows office expires in 1995 but made him to bypass parliament where clear that he alone would take the the government relies on Comdecision and he would not be munist support in the lower house forced out by a right-wing par- and faces a right-wing majority in liamentary victory.

"I will not leave without baving changed these institutions or at least having put before parlia-ment and the French people the modifications I consider neces- representation but wanted a new sary," he said in a television election system anchored in the interview. He promised a referendum for the second half of

Of his own tenure, he said: "I too sometimes think 14 years is

long."
Mr. Mitterrand recalled that he

Gaulle who took power in 1958 a Mr. Mitterrand supported the

introduction of an element of the electoral system for the 1993 Socialists to form a majority with centrists and ecologists. Mr. Mitterrand said he was sure unpopular Prime Minister

Edith Cresson would gain public support once her minority government's measures against un-He forecast the number of jobless would start to fail next year. Former President Valery Gis-

disarray among opposition politi- card d'Estaing said he had always favoured cutting the presidential term to five years, although he did nothing about it during his own seven-year term.

He disputed Mr. Mitterrand's right to amend the constitution by the senate.

Francois Leotard, president of the centre-right Republican Party, said he agreed with the introduction of partial proportional constitution so it could not be changed for reasons of political convenience.

The conservatives restored a two-bailot constituency voting system which favours alliances and handicaps small parties in

post office after an all-day drinking spree was so obvious that children tagged along behind him. A court in Exeter, Southwest England, jailed Frank Sykes, 56, for three years for attempted robbery after hearing how he lurched down the street with a take revolver and a white stocking over his head with holes cut out to make room for his thick-lensed spectacles. British newspapers dubbed Sykes the pie-eyed piper and quoted him as band in 1969 and carrying a pro-

> snakes, crocodiles to guard stashes

PHILADELPHIA (AP) — Drug dealers are using reptiles to guard their drug stashes. A narcoticsofficer found a 10-foot (3.1metre) python wrapped around crack vials and glassine bags under a mattress during a house raid Thursday night. "The way he was screaming, I thought he'd found a mother lode of colis (cocaine)," said Police Lt. John-Gallo of Officer Jimmy Coolea. But then, I see this huge snake. slithering out from under the mattress, flicking its tongue, heading towards us." The make was seized along with crack and taken to an animal shelter, Tae use of large or venomous snakesis the latest tactic of drug dealers, said David Chiszar, a University; of Colorado herpetologist. A few drug dealers favour small croco-diles, he said. The reptiles are usually used to dissuade thieves or rival dealers, rather than to scare away police, Mr. Chiszar and Lt. Gallo said. Mr. Chiszar has heard from herpetologists

#### white government could reimhad always opposed the constitu- 1986 after winning a proportional pose emergency rule in some tion of France's Fifth Republic, representation parliamentary between the factions, the SNC and the United Nations. tailor-made for the authoritarian poll.

Tsongas strategy seen paying dividends in New Hampshire FPO almost doubled its vote from the 1987 elections to win 23 seats in the 100-seat municipal The ruling Socialist Party (SPO) lost its absolute majority in votes but managed to hang on

assembly with 52 seats, a loss of The biggest loser was the Conservative People's Party (OVP), a junior partner in the national government with the SPO. It had

to a two-seat majority in the

been Vienna's second strongest party but won only 18 seats, down 12 on 1987. The Green Party entered the Vienna Assembly for the first

time, winning seven seats.
The FPO, supported in Vienna
by its charismatic leader Joerg Haider, 41, campaigned for a reversal of liberal immigration

for the Austrians. The FPO earlier broke the OVP's absolute majorities in local elections in the federal states of Stria and Upper Austria after vigorous campaigns by Mr. Няідет.

policy under the slogan: "Austria

"We want no more immigrants to be accepted as long as we have Austrians unemployed and there is a housing shortage for Austrains," Mr. Haider said after the Vienna results were

announced. The polls showed that this is what many of the voters want." He denied accusations of antiforeigner demagogy. "We are not unfriendly towards foreigners, but friendly towards Austrians, he said.

off in New Hampshire, site of the

nation's first primary. The former Massachusetts senator still faces long odds of per cent were undecided. winning here. But his frequent Robert Craig, a Univers visits, hard-working organisation and focus on rank-and-file Demo-

When Jerome Duval went to vote in Manchester's local elections last week, a Tsongas sup-porter was outside holding a sign. "T've been bumping into Tson- Massachusetts," a reference to gas people all the time, "said Mr. Michael Dukakis, the former "They seem to be every-

Mr. Tsongas and his probusiness economic message also got the attention of another Manchester Democrat, Joe Sullivan.

with his mailings.

"I've read them and I'm impressed," Mr. Sullivan said. 'He's not as liberal as I am. but what he says makes you think. It's going to come down to Ker-rey, Harkin or Tsongas for me." Nebraska Sen. Bob Kerrey,

Iowa Sen. Tom Harkin and Arkansas Gov. Bill Clinton generally are seen as the condidates to beat in New Hampshire. But a survey of 300 New Hampshire Democrats and independents late last month put Mr. Tsongas and Kerry on top, with

24 per cent and 19 per cent,

MANCHESTER, New Hamp- respectively. The survey by suport may have limited value front-page picture in Sunday's shire (AP) — Paul Tsongas' early Maguire Associates of Concord, come February. entry into the Democratic pres- Mass., had a margin of error of

idential race appears to be paying four to five percentage points. Harkin came in third, with 12 per cent and the other candidates were in single digits. Twenty-six Robert Craig, a University of

New Hampshire political scientist, said the results reflect name crats rather than party leaders are recognition and not necessarily making an impression on state support come the primary on residents that is showing up in the Feb. 18. When Mr. Tsongas last April

became the first major Democrat to enter the race, few rated him a serious contender. Some dismissed him as "the other Greek from governor and unsuccessful 1988 Democratic presidential

Massachusetts, has used his proximity to New Hampshire to his advantage, making dozens of visits to the state. He was creating a state campaign organisation that's new

from the bottom up rather than relying on existing networks led by party regulars. The campaign has sent volun-teers, including many college stu-

deuts. into larger towns and cities to bang on the doors of Demo-crats who voted in 1988. Sen. Harkin, Sen. Kerrey and Mr. Clinton all have more sup- late 1970s and a Nazi sym-

party leaders and veteran activ-

"In 1984, every name in the book was with Walter Mondale, but 41 per cent of the people decided they wanted somebody named Gary Hart," Mr. Helms said. Sen. Hart upset Mr. Mondale by 10 percentage points, but later lost the Democratic nomination to Mondale. In a separate development,

David Duke, running for governor in Louisiana, denied being a Nazi party member and again apologised for past intolerance of ethnic groups as the charged champaign moved into its last week. Mr. Duke, a renegade Repub-

lican, and former three-term Gov. Edwin Edwards, a Democrat, sparred on NBC's Meet The Press television programme. They spent most of their 20minute segment disagreeing, interrupting each other and trying to shake off their pasts. The side-by-side meeting in the

TV studio was the last scheduled joint appearance by the two before their runoff election Saturday.
Afterward, they both headed

for rallies and fund-raisers. Duke, a state representative who has been disowned by President George Bush and other Republican Party leaders, was grand wizard of the Ku Klux Klan in the port than Mr. Tsongas among pathiser.

Host Garrick Utley asked Mr. ists. But Mr. Helms said that Duke about his past, holding up a showing him wearing a Nazi arm

test sign.
Mr. Duke said he was 19 at the time, was frustrated and trying to protest what he believed was the wrong direction his country was taking, but admitted that he "didn't choose the right "I was never a member of the

Nazi Party of anything like that," Mr. Duke said when asked why he preferred the Nazi philosophy as a youth. "I reject Nazism. I reject com-

munism. I believe in less govern-ment, and that's what I stand Mr. Duke denied ever saying

Adolf Hitler was "a genius."

Mr. Duke also renounced a 1988 statement while he was running for president in which he was quoted as saying, "Zionists have long ago bought George Bush and Michael Dukakis." Asked about his past, Mr. Ed-

wards, a high-stakes craps shooter in Las Vegas and Lake Tahoe, said: "On occasion when I go to Las Vegas or Atlantic City, where it is legal, within my means, I gamble."

On Cable News Network's Newsmaker Sunday, Republican National Chairman Clayton Yeutter said that if Mr. Duke is elected, "We will ignore him and we will condemn him as a reprehensible representative of the American public."



Comic strip about Quavie causes

up roar

NEW YORK (AP) — Cartoonist U.S. newspapers with his Donnesbury comic strip, alleging a cocaine cover-up involving Vice President Dan Quayle. The two-week series opening Monden. week series opening Monday prompted some of the 1,400 ps for Lone newspapers and other publical tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions than the control of the 1,400 ps for Lone tions the 1,400 ps for newspapers and other publications that buy Donnesbury to an (Perial) tions that buy Donnesbury to the principle of the princip Trudeau exceeded the bounds of the law good taste with unsubstantiated allegations that he Quayle bought cocaine while he was a U.S. seneral Cwine while he was a U.S. senator. One sequence alleges that a U.S. Drug.

Enforcement Administration (DEA) file exists on Mr. Quayle and "someone, somewhere covered up the existence of the file," said Lee Salem, editorial director of Universal Press Syndireleased issued ate, which distributes Donnesof Economy 2 bury. The syndicate said it was perpents of satisfied with the satirist's sources. The DEA won't comment, and Mr. Quavie called the

movie The Silent Scream. Giant iceberg starts to break up

Sinatara and the anti-abortion

strips a Trudeau "vendetta."

scribers before with comic strips

PORT STANLEY, Falkland Islands (R) — A giant iceberg adrift in the South Atlantic with thousands of penguins has begun to breakup in warm waters and will pose a hazard to shipping, sistemanice de meteorologists said. The ims hand the ships mense icerberg, codenamed A24, broke away from the Weddell Sea in Antarctica in August. Measuring 55 miles by 35 (90 km by 55), it is now some 580 miles southe of the Falkland Islands and drifting towards the British colony and South Georgia, into main shipping lanes. "It will continue to break up into thousands of smaller icebergs when it reached the yet still warmer Atlantic was ters and will be a hazard to shipping," said Bob Wilderspin, the principal meteorological officer for the Falklands. He was speaking after a British Air Force lands on a reconnaissance mission to track the iceberg's movements. Pilot Al Wallis said thousands of chemicals, Matt

its own low cloud and mist, Wallis **Bungling bandit too** 

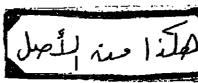
metres) high above the water line

and so large that it was creating

smashed to grab LONDON (R) — A bungling bandit who staggered off to rob a telling police: "If I had got the money I would have gone back and started drinking again."

**Drug dealers using** 

around the world with tales of rattlesnakes, cobras and vipersturned over by police after police.



d outstri

Jan members profine com: Trudeau has shaken up his sub-Yeroslavia, de portraying bleak living conditions for U.S. soldiers during the Gulf war, alleged matia ties of Frank spat Oct. 31, 7: lims over the al dese were Septions. The ad on Nov. 8 ch ga, and in the : parchasing th 3 ma were leav specified and Agrete beadac a merened. St rathe filme static

> miad Scud aled with 30 (AP) — Ise

aleaded with

in much of a

estaining the C alme been use Eleince expert i liverer, primiti 30 to modify all they could ite deadly ner chinstrap penguins were stranded stillement Havi on the main iceberg and smaller & Anstrian de Aparts who visit

satellite bergs, known as "gorl-wers," which had broken off. The main iceberg was 200 feet (60 ik summer and inch ending ? Man envoy ain UAE

> M(R) - An In the foreign ar and the Ui Teesday fr and security Emiretes Ne il reported. A in Muster Rational Meaning and Shekh Moh the existing cooking regional WAM a the two Gu

dicupand further in the limited for the limited further in the Guilf di tok a nestra I led allied troc less Kurwit in r Feus and de dear mate to Mid (AP)

of latering a literal state of the state of